

BEGIN NOV. 21, 1959

A68AX (CX WEA)  
(350)

NIGHT LEAD EISENHOWER  
BY DOUGLAS B. CORNELL  
AUGUSTA, GA., NOV. 21 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER SET UP IN THE PENTAGON TODAY WHAT AMOUNTS TO A CHIEF OF STAFF FOR MILITARY AID TO FRIENDLY NATIONS.

EISENHOWER NAMED A FOUR-STAR ARMY GENERAL, WILLISTON B. PALMER, TO BOSS THE MILITARY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.  
PALMER WILL WORK CLOSELY WITH THE MILITARY JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF-- THE UNIFORMED HEADS OF THE ARMED SERVICES. THE TEMPORARY WHITE HOUSE SAID HE WILL TAKE OVER NEXT MONTH AND WILL HAVE THE SAME RANK AND AUTHORITY IN HIS FIELD WHICH JCS MEMBERS HAVE IN THEIRS. HE WILL NOT BE A JCS MEMBER, HOWEVER.

THE MOVE TO STRENGTHEN THE MILITARY AID PROGRAM COINCIDED WITH ANOTHER PRESIDENTIAL CONFERENCE ON THE MILITARY BUDGET. MILITARY AID WILL BE INCLUDED IN THE NEW DEFENSE BUDGET FOR THE FIRST TIME. THE COST FOR THE 1961 FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING NEXT JULY 1 IS ESTIMATED AT SOME \$1,300,000,000.

THE TOTAL MILITARY BUDGET NOW STANDS TENTATIVELY AT MORE THAN 41 BILLIONS, AND DEPUTY SECRETARY OF DEFENSE THOMAS S. GATES JR. SAID THE FIGURE PROBABLY WILL BE FINAL BY THE END OF NEXT WEEK.

GATES, THE CIVILIAN SECRETARIES OF THE ARMED SERVICES, AND THE PENTAGON'S RESEARCH CHIEF FLEW DOWN FROM WASHINGTON TODAY TO THUMB THROUGH THE BUDGET WITH THE PRESIDENT.

BEFORE TAKING OFF ON THE RETURN TRIP, GATES TOLD NEWSMEN THE SERVICE SECRETARIES HAD NO COMPLAINS ABOUT WHAT THE BUDGET PROVIDES IN THE WAY OF ALLOTMENTS, ROLES AND MISSIONS.

ASKED WHETHER THEY ARE HAPPY ABOUT THE BUDGET, GATES REPLIED: "YES, I THINK THAT THEY BELIEVE THEY HAVE A GOOD, BALANCED PROGRAM." IN ADDITION TO GATES, THOSE WHO SAT IN ON THE TWO HOUR CONFERENCE WITH EISENHOWER INCLUDED:

ARMY SECRETARY WILBER M. BRUCKER, NAVY SECRETARY WILLIAM FRANKE, AIR FORCE SECRETARY JAMES H. DOUGLAS, RESEARCH DIRECTOR HERBERT F. YORK, AND BRIG. GEN. ANDREW J. GOODPASTER, WHITE HOUSE STAFF SECRETARY. IT WAS EISENHOWER'S THIRD CONFERENCE THIS WEEK TOUCHING ON THE DEFENSE BUDGET. AFTER IT WAS OVER, THE AFTERNOON WAS FREE FOR HIS TENTH ROUND OF GOLF IN THE 10 DAYS SINCE HE CAME HERE FOR A WORK-REST VACATION. PLANS FOR HIS RETURN TO WASHINGTON STILL ARE INDEFINITE.

GEN. AND MRS. ALFRED M. GRUENTHER FLEW DOWN WITH THE PENTAGON DELEGATION TO BE WEEKEND GUESTS OF THE EISENHOWERS. THE RETIRED GENERAL NOW IS PRESIDENT OF THE AMERICAN RED CROSS AND A FAVORITE BRIDGE PARTNER OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE.

THE PALMER APPOINTMENT INVOLVES CALLING THE GENERAL BACK TO ACTIVE DUTY AFTER HE RETIRES FROM THE ARMY NOV. 30.

HIS TITLE WILL BE DIRECTOR OF MILITARY ASSISTANCE IN THE OFFICE OF JOHN N. IRWIN, THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FOR INTERNATIONAL SECURITY AFFAIRS.

NO/RYSPE  
A36AX  
(180)

AUGUSTA, GA., NOV. 21 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER TODAY TAPPED FOUR-STAR GENERAL WILLISTON B. PALMER TO HEAD THE PENTAGON'S MILITARY AID PROGRAM TO OTHER NATIONS. HE WILL OPERATE ON THE SAME LEVEL AS THE MILITARY CHIEFS OF STAFF.

THIS STEP, THE WHITE HOUSE SAID, CARRIES OUT ONE OF THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF A COMMITTEE WHICH SURVEYED THE MILITARY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM FOR EISENHOWER. IT WAS HEADED BY BUSINESSMAN WILLIAM H. DRAPER, HIMSELF A FORMER GENERAL.

30.24-9283

PALMER NOW IS DEPUTY COMMANDER IN CHIEF OF THE U.S. EUROPEAN COMMAND. HE IS SLATED FOR RETIREMENT FROM THE ARMY NOV. 30. WAYNE HAWKS, ACTING WHITE HOUSE PRESS SECRETARY, SAID HE WILL BE RECALLED TO ACTIVE DUTY TO SERVE AS DIRECTOR OF MILITARY ASSISTANCE IN THE OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FOR INTERNATIONAL SECURITY AFFAIRS.

THE DRAPER COMMITTEE HAD PROPOSED THAT THE MILITARY AID PROGRAM BE MADE PART OF THE NATIONAL DEFENSE SYSTEM, WITH THE STATE DEPARTMENT TO RETAIN RESPONSIBILITY FOR OFFERING SOME ADVICE AND GUIDANCE.

HAWKS SAID THAT PALMER WILL NOT SERVE AS A MEMBER BUT WILL WORK CLOSELY WITH THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF AND HAVE THE SAME SORT OF AUTHORITY IN HIS FIELD THAT JCS MEMBERS HAVE IN THEIRS.

TM215PES

A37AX

(110)

AUGUSTA, GA., NOV. 21 (AP)-THE TEMPORARY WHITE HOUSE SAID TODAY EIGHT OF NINE CONGRESSIONAL LEADERS HAVE ACCEPTED PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S INVITATION TO A BRIEFING ON HIS UPCOMING TRIP ABROAD.

THE EXCEPTION IS REP. JOHN W. MCCORMICK OF MASSACHUSETTS, HOUSE DEMOCRATIC LEADER. WAYNE HAWKS, ACTING WHITE HOUSE PRESS SECRETARY, SAID MCCORMACK TELEPHONED TO THE WHITE HOUSE A MESSAGE FOR THE PRESIDENT GIVING HIS VIEWS ABOUT THE TRIP.

HAWKS SAID MCCORMACK EXPRESSED THE HOPE THAT "THIS WOULD SERVE IN LIEU OF HIS COMING PERSONALLY TO THE MEETING."

THE SESSION WITH SENATE AND HOUSE LEADERS OF BOTH PARTIES WILL BE HELD IN WASHINGTON NOV. 30, FOUR DAYS BEFORE EISENHOWER TAKES OFF FOR CAPITALS OF 11 EUROPEAN, ASIAN AND AFRICAN NATIONS.

IN WASHINGTON, ANAIDE TO VICE PRESIDENT NIXON SAID NIXON HAD BEEN ADVISED THAT HE WOULD BE WELCOME TO ATTEND THE NOV. 30 MEETING IF HIS SCHEDULE PERMITS.

HERBERT G. KLEIN, NIXON PRESS AIDE, ALSO SAID THE VICE PRESIDENT WILL CONFER WITH EISENHOWER HERE BEFORE THE PRESIDENT LEAVES ON HIS TRIP. HE SAID THAT NIXON PLANS TO STAY IN WASHINGTON WHILE EISENHOWER IS AWAY.

GG445PES

A15

AMS BUDGET

NIGHT LEAD AGREEMENT (390)

BY A.I. GOLDBERG

MOSCOW, NOV. 21 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES AND THE SOVIET UNION TODAY SIGNED A NEW AND BROADER CULTURAL EXCHANGE AGREEMENT. IT CALLS FOR COOPERATION IN PEACEFUL USE OF ATOMIC ENERGY AND RADIO-TV APPEARANCES BY GOVERNMENT LEADERS, ARTISTS AND OTHER PUBLIC FIGURES.

BOTH SIDES SAID THE ORIGINAL PACT SIGNED IN 1958 HAD WORKED OUT WELL AND EXPRESSED HOPE THE NEW ONE WILL IMPROVE RELATIONS BETWEEN THE TWO WORLD POWERS. THE NEW PACT IS FOR TWO YEARS.

THE YEARS 1960 AND 1961 WILL SEE POSSIBLY THOUSANDS OF AMERICANS AND RUSSIANS EXCHANGING VISITS IN THE FIELDS OF ART, AGRICULTURE, EDUCATION, INDUSTRY, SCIENCE AND SPORTS.

FREDERICK MERRILL, WHO HEADED A STATE DEPARTMENT TEAM NEGOTIATING THE AGREEMENT, SAID HE REGARDED AS ONE OF THE MOST IMPORTANT SECTION PROVIDING FOR COOPERATION IN THE PEACEFUL USE OF ATOMIC ENERGY.

MERRILL TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE PROPOSALS BY CHAIRMAN JOHN A. MCCONE OF THE U.S. ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION AND V.S. EMELYANOV, HIS SOVIET COUNTERPART, WILL BE INCORPORATED AS PART OF THE



AGREEMENT.

MCCONE AND EMELIANOV, NOW VISITING IN WASHINGTON, PROPOSED THE TWO NATIONS SWAP TEAMS OF SCIENTISTS TO STUDY PEACEFUL USES OF THE ATOM IN EACH OTHER'S LABORATORIES. THEY ALSO PROPOSED TO EXPLORE THE POSSIBILITIES OF JOINT ATOMIC PROJECTS.

CHAIRMAN GEORGI ZHUKOV OF THE SOVIET STATE COMMITTEE FOR CULTURAL RELATIONS SAID HE CONSIDERED IMPORTANT THE AGREEMENT ON EXCHANGES IN THE FIELDS OF RADIO AND TV. BOTH NATIONS AGREE TO PARTICIPATE IN GETTING EXCHANGE PROGRAMS FOR THE FOLLOWING:

AT LEAST TWO RADIO BROADCASTS OF 10-20 MINUTES EACH A MONTH. ONE DOCUMENTARY OR ENTERTAINMENT FILM FOR A 30-MINUTE TELECAST EACH MONTH, PLUS TWO NEWSREEL FILMS OF 57 MINUTES EACH.

PERSONAL APPEARANCES OVER RADIO AND TV BY GOVERNMENT LEADERS, ARTISTS AND OTHER PUBLIC FIGURES.

OTHER PROVISIONS OF THE PACT ENCOURAGE AN INCREASE IN TOURISTS, AND PROVIDE FOR AN EXCHANGE OF SPECIALISTS IN INDUSTRY, TRANSPORTATION, CONSTRUCTION, TRADE, AGRICULTURE, MEDICINE AND EDUCATION.

MERRILL SAID TO HELP INCREASE SOVIET TOURIST VISITS TO THE UNITED STATES, ONE CLAUSE CALLS FOR NEGOTIATIONS FOR POSSIBLE DIRECT AIR FLIGHTS BETWEEN MOSCOW AND NEW YORK.

IN THE ARTS, THE SOVIET STATE SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA, THE MOSCOW ART THEATER AND THE GEORGIAN FOLK DANCERS WILL VISIT THE UNITED STATES IN RETURN FOR THE PLAY "MY FAIR LADY," AN AMERICAN BALLET TROUPE AND THE U.S. MARINE BAND, WHICH IS EXPECTED HERE DURING PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S VISIT NEXT YEAR. ULTIMATELY, THE RED ARMY CHORUS MAY VISIT THE UNITED STATES.

U.S. AMBASSADOR LLEWELLYN THOMPSON SIGNED FOR THE UNITED STATES AND ZHUKOV FOR THE SOVIET UNION.

THE AGREEMENT PROVIDES FOR NEW SCHOLAR EXCHANGES BETWEEN MOSCOW UNIVERSITY AND COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY, LENINGRAD AND HARVARD, KIEV AND YALE AND TASHKENT UNIVERSITY IN CENTRAL ASIA AND INDIANA UNIVERSITY.

THE NUMBER OF STUDENTS TO BE EXCHANGED WILL BE INCREASED TO 35 FROM EACH NATION NEXT YEAR AND POSSIBLY TO 50 THE FOLLOWING YEAR. THE CURRENT EXCHANGE PROVIDES FOR 20 AMERICAN AND 17 SOVIET SCHOLARS. IN ADDITION THERE WILL BE PROFESSOR AND GRADUATE STUDENT EXCHANGES.

THE EXCHANGE OF EXHIBITS WILL BE ON A REDUCED SCALE FROM THIS YEAR, WHEN BOTH NATIONS STAGED MAJOR SHOWS--IN MOSCOW AND NEW YORK. THE RUSSIANS WILL SENT AN EXHIBIT OF MEDICAL SERVICES, CHILDREN'S BOOKS AND CHILDREN'S ART WORK. THE UNITED STATES WILL SEND MEDICAL SERVICE, PLASTICS AND TRANSPORT DISPLAYS. OTHER DISPLAYS MAY BE ARRANGED LATER.

TRACK AND FIELD MEETS SUCH AS WERE HELD IN PHILADELPHIA THIS YEAR ARE SCHEDULED FOR THE SOVIET UNION IN 1961 AND THE UNITED STATES IN 1962. OTHER SPORT EXCHANGES INCLUDE ICE HOCKEY, SWIMMING, DIVING AND BASKETBALL.

THE AGREEMENT, AS MADE PUBLIC IN WASHINGTON, LISTED THESE MEDICAL INSTITUTIONS AS TAKING PART IN A PROGRAM TO DEVELOP CONTACTS AND COOPERATION:

THE SOVIET INSTITUTE OF EXPERIMENTAL AND CLINICAL ONCOLOGY AND THE SLOANE-KETTERING INSTITUTE AND THE NATIONAL CANCER INSTITUTE IN THE UNITED STATES; THE SOVIET INSTITUTE OF THERAPY AND OTHER AGENCIES WORKING ON CARDIO-VASCULAR DISEASES AND THE NATIONAL HEART INSTITUTE AND OTHER U.S. AGENCIES IN THIS FIELD; THE SOVIET INSTITUTE FOR THE STUDY OF POLIOMYELITIS AND THE RESEARCH FOUNDATION OF CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL IN CINCINNATI AND THE NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH.

THE MEETINGS AND INFORMATION ARE TO BE EXCHANGED BETWEEN SCIENTISTS OF THESE INSTITUTIONS AND THE GOVERNMENTS PROMISE TO ENCOURAGE THEM "TO ORGANIZE JOINT SCIENTIFIC STUDIES."

RZ448PESNM

(500) AMS BUDGET (463 ~~W~~)

SOVIET EXCHANGES  
BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

WASHINGTON, NOV. 21 (AP)--THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA SIGNED A TRAIL-BLAZING AGREEMENT TODAY TO ORGANIZE JOINT SCIENTIFIC STUDIES IN THE CONQUEST OF DISEASE AND TO EXPLORE THE DESIRABILITY OF JOINT PROJECTS IN THE PEACEFUL USES OF ATOMIC ENERGY.

THE ACCORD REACHED IN THESE FIELDS OF SCIENCE COULD PROVE A FORERUNNER OF AN AGREEMENT ALREADY DISCUSSED BY SCIENTISTS OF THE TWO NATIONS FOR JOINT ENDEAVORS IN SPACE EXPLORATION.

THE SCIENTIFIC PROGRAMS ARE PART OF A NEW, OVER-ALL EXCHANGE PACT COVERING ALSO A WIDE VARIETY OF OTHER SUBJECTS RANGING FROM INDUSTRY AND AGRICULTURE TO EDUCATION AND THE ARTS.

THIS IS THE SECOND BROAD EXCHANGE AGREEMENT ARRIVED AT BETWEEN WASHINGTON AND MOSCOW AS A MEANS OF PROGRESSIVELY REDUCING THE BARRIERS WHICH HAVE BLOCKED THE FLOW OF TRAVELERS AND OF INFORMATION FOR MANY YEARS. THE FIRST AGREEMENT WAS SIGNED IN JANUARY 1958 AND RUNS THROUGH THE END OF THIS YEAR. THE NEW AGREEMENT, SIGNED IN MOSCOW TODAY, COVERS THE YEARS 1960 AND 1961.

U. S. OFFICIALS ESTIMATED THAT THE NEW PACT PROVIDES FOR A 20 PER CENT INCREASE IN THE NUMBER OF PERSONS TRAVELING BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND THE SOVIET UNION OVER THE NEXT TWO YEARS. THEY SAID THAT EVEN MORE IMPORTANT IS THE DECISION TO UNDERTAKE NEW TYPES OF PROJECTS PRIMARILY IN THREE FIELDS OF ACTIVITY. THE RESULT OF THESE NEW PROJECTS WILL BE TO EXPAND GREATLY CONTACTS BETWEEN U. S. AND SOVIET SCIENTISTS AND EDUCATORS.

WITH RESPECT TO THE PEACEFUL USES OF ATOMIC ENERGY, THE AGREEMENT SPECIFIES THAT BOTH GOVERNMENTS "WILL PROVIDE FOR RECIPROCAL EXCHANGES OF INFORMATION AND VISITS OF SCIENTISTS, AND WILL EXPLORE THE DESIRABILITY OF JOINT PROJECTS."

PRECISE PROPOSALS REMAIN TO BE AGREED UPON.

SPACE EXPLORATION, WHICH U. S. AND SOVIET SCIENTISTS HAVE RECENTLY DISCUSSED FOR POSSIBLE COOPERATIVE WORK, WAS NOT SPECIFICALLY COVERED IN THE NEW AGREEMENT BUT U. S. OFFICIALS SAID THE PACT IS BROAD ENOUGH TO PROVIDE FOR SOME EVENTUAL ARRANGEMENT IF IT SEEMS DESIRABLE.

WITH RESPECT TO COOPERATION IN MEDICAL SCIENCE, RUSSIA AND THE UNITED STATES PLEDGED TO DEVELOP CONTACTS AND COOPERATION BETWEEN SEVERAL SPECIFIED INSTITUTIONS.

IN THE FIELD OF EDUCATION, APART FROM DETAILED ARRANGEMENTS FOR VISITS OF STUDENTS AND TEACHERS TO STUDY IN THE TWO COUNTRIES, THE UNITED STATES AGREED TO INVITE SOVIET TEACHERS TO TEACH THE RUSSIAN LANGUAGE IN U. S. UNIVERSITIES IN 1960-61 AND RUSSIA PROMISED TO MAKE SIMILAR ARRANGEMENTS TO INVITE U. S. TEACHERS OF ENGLISH TO SOVIET UNIVERSITIES.

ON THE THEORY THAT ALMOST ANY ACTION WHICH INCREASES CONTACTS BETWEEN RUSSIA AND THE WESTERN WORLD AND WHICH OPENS UP THE SOVIET UNION TO OUTSIDE KNOWLEDGE AND INFLUENCE IS GOOD, STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS WERE OBVIOUSLY PLEASED WITH THE NEW AGREEMENT.

THE PROPOSAL FOR EXPANSION OVER THE CURRENT EXCHANGES IS REGARDED HERE AS AN ADEQUATE ANSWER TO COMPLAINTS VOICED BY SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV WHILE HE WAS VISITING THE UNITED STATES IN SEPTEMBER. KHRUSHCHEV SAID THEN THE STATE DEPARTMENT WAS AFRAID OF EXCHANGES WITH RUSSIA AND WAS TRYING TO CUT DOWN THE VOLUME. THE STATE DEPARTMENT SAID AT THE TIME THAT THE OPPOSITE WAS TRUE.

STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS BELIEVE INCREASING CONTACTS BETWEEN INDIVIDUALS IN THE TWO COUNTRIES MAY EVENTUALLY PROVE TO BE AN IMPORTANT FACTOR IN IMPROVING OVER-ALL RELATIONS.

HOWEVER, THERE IS ALWAYS PRESENT AN UNDERCURRENT OF UNEASY FEELING THAT A MOSCOW GOVERNMENT WHOSE POWER IS CONCENTRATED ENTIRELY IN THE HANDS OF A DICTATORIAL LEADERSHIP MAY AT ANY TIME REVERSE THE TREND.  
LT/GG442PES



A136

MOSCOW, NOV. 21 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION AND THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC (UAR) SIGNED A CULTURAL AGREEMENT TODAY FOR EXCHANGING SCIENTIFIC, SPORT AND ARTISTIC GROUPS IN 1960. GEORGI ZHUKOV, CHAIRMAN OF THE STATE COMMITTEE FOR CULTURAL RELATIONS, SIGNED FOR THE SOVIET UNION. CULTURAL MINISTER SARVAT OKASHA SIGNED FOR THE UAR. FV921PES

A85WX

(500) NIGHT LEAD KHRUSHCHEV PROMISES

BY JOE F. KANE  
WASHINGTON, NOV. 21 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION HAS GRANTED PERMISSION TO FOUR RUSSIANS TO JOIN RELATIVES IN THE UNITED STATES, VICE PRESIDENT RICHARD M. NIXON SAID TODAY.

NIXON SAID HIS INFORMATION HAD COME FROM THE STATE DEPARTMENT. ONE OF THE FOUR IS ALREADY IN THE UNITED STATES.

AT THE SAME TIME, NIXON MADE PUBLIC A LETTER FROM SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI GROMYKO STATING THAT CONSIDERATION WOULD BE GIVEN TO REQUESTS BY OTHER RUSSIANS WHO WISH TO BE REUNITED WITH RELATIVES HERE. "THEIR REQUESTS WILL BE CONSIDERED WITH PROPER ATTENTION AS IS ALWAYS THE CASE IN CONSIDERATION OF SUCH AFFAIRS," GROMYKO SAID IN A TELEGRAPHED LETTER TO NIXON AS MADE PUBLIC BY THE VICE PRESIDENT'S OFFICE. SUCH "CONSIDERATION" INCLUDES CLEARANCE BY SOVIET POLICE.

NIXON'S OFFICE SAID THE FOUR ALREADY GRANTED PERMISSION TO LEAVE RUSSIA ARE:

KARL AISTRAUTS, HUSBAND OF MRS. AMILDA AISTRAUTS, ROCHESTER, N.Y.; JULIANNA NICIS, MOTHER OF MRS. VALENTINE NICIS AVOTINS, CHICAGO; MRS. NATALI YARITS, WIFE OF JOHN YARITS, HOLLYWOOD, FLA.; AND ANNE-REET (CO NOMM, DAUGHTER OF MRS. AMILDE NOMM, DETROIT.

AISTRAUTS, AN 81-YEAR OLD LATVIAN, IS THE INDIVIDUAL ALREADY IN THIS COUNTRY. HE HAS BEEN HERE A MONTH. HE LIVES IN ROCHESTER, N.Y. AND HIS WIFE, FROM WHOM HE BECAME SEPARATED DURING WORLD WAR II FIGHTING 15 YEARS AGO. AISTRAUTS AND HIS FAMILY WERE SEPARATED WHEN THE RUSSIANS DESTROYED A BRIDGE NEAR RIGA TO DELAY A GERMAN RETREAT.

YARITS RECEIVED WORD FROM THE AMERICAN EMBASSY IN MOSCOW TWO WEEKS AGO SAYING HIS WIFE, AN ESTONIAN CITIZEN, HAD BEEN GRANTED PERMISSION TO COME TO THIS COUNTRY.

HE IS A RETIRED CARPENTER WHO FIRST CAME TO THE UNITED STATES IN 1926. HIS WIFE JOINED HIM IN 1930; THEN WENT BACK TO ESTONIA. HE VISITED HER THERE IN 1934 AND SHE WAS TO JOIN HIM HERE AFTER HANDLING THE SALE OF THEIR PROPERTY.

HE HASN'T SEEN HER SINCE.

"FOR 18 YEARS," HE SAID, "I DIDN'T KNOW IF SHE WAS ALIVE OR DEAD. THEN I RECEIVED A LETTER FROM HER. THAT'S WHEN I STARTED TO WORK TRYING TO GET HER OVER HERE."

MRS. ARMILDE NOMM SAID IN DETROIT SHE AND HER HUSBAND, JOHNNES, HOPE TO BE REUNITED BY CHRISTMAS WITH THEIR 20-YEAR OLD DAUGHTER WHO HAS BEEN LIVING BEHIND THE IRON CURTAIN SINCE SHE WAS FIVE.

THE NOMMS WERE AMONG THE REFUGEES WHO FLED THE BALTIC COUNTRIES AHEAD OF THE RUSSIAN CONQUEST IN WORLD WAR II. THINGS HAPPENED SO QUICKLY THEY HAD NO TIME TO ARRANGE FOR THEIR DAUGHTER TO TRAVEL WITH THEM.

THEY WAITED IN GERMANY FOR THE WAR TO END. THEIR PLEAS TO THE RUSSIANS TO ALLOW THEIR DAUGHTER TO JOIN THEM BROUGHT NO RESULTS.

NINE YEARS AGO THEY CAME TO THE UNITED STATES. THEY MAINTAINED CORRESPONDENCE WITH THEIR DAUGHTER AND KEPT AFTER THE STATE DEPARTMENT TO HELP THEM GET HER OVER HERE.

IN A LETTER TO SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV LAST AUG. 1, NIXON LISTED THE NAMES OF MORE THAN 100 PERSONS IN THE SOVIET UNION WHO WISHED TO JOIN THEIR FAMILIES HERE. THE LIST WAS COMPILED BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT FROM ITS FILES. THE LIST INCLUDED THE NAMES OF THE FOUR NOW GRANTED PERMISSION TO LEAVE THE U.S.S.R.

30.24-9285

A SPOKESMAN FOR NIXON SAID HE ASSUMED THE FOUR WOULD TAKE UP PERMANENT RESIDENCE IN THE UNITED STATES.

THE SPOKESMAN ALSO SAID THE NAMES OF 11 U.S. AIRMEN WHO THE UNITED STATES SAYS WERE SHOT DOWN IN RUSSIA NEAR THE TURKISH BORDER IN SEPTEMBER 1958 WERE NOT ON THE LIST OF 100 NAMES. THERE HAS BEEN NO WORD FROM RUSSIA AS TO THE FATE OF THE AIRMEN.

THE LIST OF 100 NAMES WAS NOT DISCLOSED.

SOME RUSSIANS, MOSTLY WOMEN WHO MARRIED AMERICAN SERVICEMEN, HAVE BEEN ALLOWED TO LEAVE THE SOVIET UNION IN THE PAST AND COME HERE TO LIVE. THIS ALSO HAS APPLIED IN A FEW CASES TO RUSSIAN WOMEN WHO MARRIED AMERICAN NEWSMEN AND OTHERS.

DIPLOMATIC SOURCES SAID TODAY THEY COULD RECALL A FEW CASES IN WHICH OTHER RUSSIANS, IN RESPONSE TO SPECIFIC APPEALS, HAD BEEN GIVEN PERMISSION TO LEAVE THE SOVIET UNION AND JOIN THEIR FAMILIES IN WESTERN NATIONS. AT LEAST ONE SUCH CASE INVOLVED A RUSSIAN COMING TO THE UNITED STATES, THEY SAID. STATE DEPARTMENT RECORDS WERE NOT AVAILABLE TONIGHT FOR A CHECK ON CASES OF THIS TYPE.

WHILE HE WAS VISITING RUSSIA LAST SUMMER, NIXON MADE A PERSONAL APPEAL FOR RELEASE OF RUSSIAN CITIZENS WHO WISHED TO COME HERE. IN HIS LETTER TO KHRUSHCHEV, NIXON SAID:

"IN THE INTEREST OF A CONTINUING IMPROVEMENT IN RELATIONS BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND THE SOVIET UNION, I BELIEVE THAT MATTERS SUCH AS THIS, INVOLVING PRINCIPLES OF NONSEPARATION OF FAMILIES WHICH WE BOTH SUPPORT, SHOULD NOT PERSIST AS IRRITANTS TO LARGER SOLUTIONS.

"IN THIS REGARD, I CAN STATE THAT THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT DOES NOT STAND IN THE WAY OF PERSONS, INCLUDING ITS OWN CITIZENS, WHO DESIRE TO DEPART FROM THE UNITED STATES TO TAKE UP RESIDENCE IN THE U.S.S.R."

WHILE KHRUSHCHEV WAS VISITING HERE LAST SEPTEMBER, PRESIDENT EISENHOWER RAISED WITH HIM THE QUESTION OF TALKING TO THE RED CHINESE ABOUT FIVE AMERICANS STILL IN CHINESE JAILS. KHRUSHCHEV REPORTEDLY PROMISED TO BRING THE MATTER UP WHEN HE VISITED PEIPING A SHORT TIME LATER. BUT SO FAR NOTHING HAS COME OF IT.

THREE AMERICANS WITH RELATIVES IN SOVIET-CONTROLLED LITHUANIA MANAGED TO MAKE PERSONAL APPEALS TO KHRUSHCHEV DURING HIS AMERICAN TOUR. HE SAID HE WOULD TAKE CARE OF THEIR REQUESTS THAT THE RELATIVES BE ALLOWED TO COME HERE.

SO FAR, HE APPARENTLY IS KEEPING HIS WORD ON AT LEAST ONE OF THE PROMISES. PAULIUS LOENAS, A CHICAGO REAL ESTATE BROKER, SAID TODAY HE HAS HEARD FROM HIS SON AND DAUGHTER THAT THEY WILL BE ALLOWED TO COME HERE SOON.

JA612PES

A127MH

(260)

WITH NIGHT LEAD KHRUSHCHEV PROMISES (A85WX)  
HOLLYWOOD, FLA., NOV. 21 (AP)-AFTER 25 YEARS, MRS. JOHN YARITS IS COMING HOME FROM THE SOVIET UNION.

"FOUR YEARS AGO I BOUGHT THIS HOUSE," HER HUSBAND SAID TODAY, "AND I WAIT, WAIT, WAIT. I WAIT FOR MY WIFE EVERY MINUTE AND FINALLY I GET A LETTER SAYING SHE'S COMING."

YARITS RECEIVED WORD FROM THE AMERICAN EMBASSY IN MOSCOW TWO WEEKS AGO SAYING HIS WIFE, AN ESTONIAN CITIZEN, IS BEING GRANTED PERMISSION TO LEAVE THE IRON CURTAIN COUNTRY AND COME TO AMERICA.

VICE PRESIDENT RICHARD M. NIXON ANNOUNCED IN WASHINGTON TODAY THAT THE SOVIET UNION HAD GRANTED PERMISSION TO FOUR RUSSIANS TO JOIN RELATIVES IN THE UNITED STATES.

"I JUST RECEIVED A LETTER FROM HER BUT SHE DOESN'T KNOW IT YET," YARITS TOLD A NEWSMAN WHO INTERVIEWED HIM AT HIS LITTLE, CREAM-COLORED COTTAGE WHICH SOON WILL HAVE A LADY-OF-THE-HOUSE.



"I KNOW WHAT SHE'S GOING TO DO WHEN SHE FINDS OUT. SHE'S GOING TO CRY RIGHT AWAY. SHE'S WAITED SO LONG...SO MANY YEARS...THROUGH THE WAR AND ALL."

YARITS, A RETIRED CARPENTER, FIRST CAME TO THE UNITED STATES IN 1926. HIS WIFE JOINED HIM IN 1930; THEN SHE RETURNED TO ESTONIA. HE VISITED HER IN ESTONIA IN 1934 AND SHE WAS TO JOIN HIM IN AMERICA AFTER HANDLING THE SALE OF THEIR PROPERTY.

HE HASN'T SEEN HER SINCE.

"FOR 18 YEARS I DIDN'T KNOW IF SHE WAS ALIVE OR DEAD. THEN I RECEIVED A LETTER FROM HER. THAT'S WHEN I STARTED TO WORK TRYING TO GET HER OVER HERE."

YARITS, WHO SHARES HIS HOME WITH A PARAKEET NAMED PETE, IS HOPING FOR A CHRISTMAS HOMECOMING.

"JUST A FEW MORE WEEKS AND IT'LL ALL BE OVER," HE SAID.  
WR10PES NM

A141AB

WITH NL KHRUSHCHEV PROMISES (300)  
ROCHESTER, N. Y., NOV. 21 (AP)-KARL AISTRAUTS, ONE OF THE FOUR PERSONS THE SOVIET UNION HAS PROMISED MAY JOIN RELATIVES IN THE UNITED STATES, ALREADY HAS BEEN IN THIS COUNTRY FOR A MONTH.

TODAY, THE 81-YEAR-OLD LATVIAN LIVES IN A QUIET, TREE-SHADED SECTION OF THIS UPSTATE CITY WITH HIS WIFE, FROM WHOM HE BECAME SEPARATED DURING WORLD WAR II FIGHTING 15 YEARS AGO.

LIVING NEARBY ARE THE TWO SONS AND TWO DAUGHTERS HE DID NOT RECOGNIZE WHEN HE STEPPED OFF A PLANE IN NEW YORK CITY LAST MONTH, AND SIX GRANDCHILDREN.

ASKED WHAT IMPRESSED HIM MOST ABOUT THE UNITED STATES, AISTRAUTS REPLIED: "THE TREES ALONG THE WALKS. THERE ARE FEW WHERE I COME FROM."

AISTRAUTS WAS AN INSURANCE SALESMAN IN LATVIA AND SAYS HE KEPT ON SELLING INSURANCE AFTER THE RUSSIANS TOOK OVER HIS COUNTRY. BUT, HE EXPLAINS, IT REALLY WAS NOT SELLING SINCE THE RUSSIANS REQUIRE EVERYONE TO CARRY STATE INSURANCE ON ANY PROPERTY THEY OWN.

HE DOES NOT EXPECT TO KEEP UP HIS CAREER HERE, HOWEVER. HIS FAMILY SAYS THAT AT 81 IT IS TIME HE RESTED.

AISTRAUTS AND HIS FAMILY WERE SEPARATED WHEN THE RUSSIANS DESTROYED A BRIDGE NEAR RIGA TO DELAY A GERMAN RETREAT. AISTRAUTS WAS ON ONE SIDE OF THE RIVER AND HIS FAMILY WAS ON THE OTHER SIDE.

HE SAID HE WAS SUMMONED TO THE AMERICAN EMBASSY IN MOSCOW SEVERAL WEEKS AFTER VICE PRESIDENT NIXON'S VISIT TO RUSSIA AND WAS TOLD HE WOULD BE ALLOWED TO MOVE TO THE UNITED STATES.

HE SAID IT WAS THEN HE KNEW "THINGS WERE GETTING SOFT."  
"SINCE THE GREAT FATHER STALIN DIED IT HAS BEEN BETTER," HE ADDED TODAY.

RELATIVES SAID THEY HAD BESIEGED THE STATE DEPARTMENT WITH REQUESTS TO HELP RELEASE HIM FROM RUSSIA SINCE THEY LEARNED SEVERAL YEARS AGO THAT HE WAS LIVING IN SLOKA, LATVIA.

MRS. AISTRAUTS AND THE FOUR CHILDREN CROSSED THE DVINA RIVER 15 YEARS AGO FLEEING THE ADVANCING RUSSIANS. HE STAYED BEHIND TO GATHER UP WHAT THINGS HE COULD. WHEN HE TRIED TO LEAVE THE RUSSIANS HAD BLOWN THE BRIDGE.

THE FAMILY WENT ON TO A GERMAN CONCENTRATION CAMP AND CAME TO THE UNITED STATES SIX YEARS LATER.

AISTRAUTS SPEAKS A LITTLE ENGLISH. HE LEARNED IT WHEN HE SAILED AS A MERCHANT CAPTAIN JUST BEFORE WORLD WAR I.

DS937PES NM

A45WX

(320) KHRUSHCHEV PROMISES  
WASHINGTON, NOV. 21 (AP)-NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV APPARENTLY IS KEEPING AT LEAST ONE PERSONAL PROMISE TO ALLOW SOME LITHUANIANS TO JOIN THEIR AMERICAN RELATIVES HERE. OTHER KHRUSHCHEV PLEDGES MAY STILL BE HONORED.

PAULIUS LEONAS, A CHICAGO REAL ESTATE BROKER, SAID TODAY HE HAS HEARD FROM HIS SON AND DAUGHTER THAT THEY WILL BE ALLOWED TO COME TO AMERICA SOON.

"IT'S POSSIBLE THEY MAY COME BEFORE THANKSGIVING," LEONAS SAID. "WOULDN'T THAT BE A BIG TURKEY? THEY'LL BE HERE BEFORE CHRISTMAS ANYWAY."

LEONAS MANAGED TO BUTTONHOLE KHRUSHCHEV DURING THE SOVIET PREMIER'S VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES IN SEPTEMBER. KHRUSHCHEV HEARD HIM OUT, THEN TURNED TO FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI GROMYKO AND SAID, "TAKE CARE OF THIS."

LEONAS AND HIS WIFE HAVE NOT SEEN THEIR DAUGHTER, REGINA, 20, AND SON, TOMAS, 17, FOR 15 YEARS. THE CHILDREN HAD BEEN PREVENTED FROM LEAVING SOVIET LITHUANIA. NOW THEY HAVE WRITTEN THAT THE LITHUANIAN GOVERNMENT TELEPHONED THEM TO SAY THEIR PASSPORTS ARE BEING PREPARED. TWO OTHER AMERICANS ALSO WERE ABLE TO MAKE PERSONAL PLEAS TO

KHRUSHCHEV DURING HIS VISIT.

MISS DONNA ARMONAS, 24, OF WICKLIFFE, OHIO, CAUGHT HIM AT PITTSBURGH AND ASKED HIM TO ALLOW HER MOTHER AND 19-YEAR-OLD BROTHER TO LEAVE LITHUANIA.

SHE SAYS THE RUSSIAN PREMIER TOLD HER, "LITTLE GIRL, EXPECT YOUR MOTHER VERY SOON."

BUT MISS ARMONAS SAYS SHE'S HAD NO WORD OF ANY ACTION ON KHRUSHCHEV'S PROMISE. SOME OF HER MOTHER'S LETTERS ARE NOT REACHING THE FAMILY HERE, SHE SAID, AND THOSE THAT DO ARE HEAVILY CENSORED.

SHE'S STILL HOPING.

THE REV. DR. JOSEPH PRUNSKIS OF CHICAGO, A ROMAN CATHOLIC PRIEST WHO FLED LITHUANIA IN 1940, SAW BOTH KHRUSHCHEV AND HIS WIFE IN WASHINGTON THE DAY BEFORE THEY LEFT TO RETURN TO MOSCOW.

HE ASKED THAT HIS 71-YEAR-OLD MOTHER, WHO LIVES IN KAUNAS, LITHUANIA, BE RESTORED TO HIM. "I ASKED HIM TO PERMIT HER TO COME," FATHER PRUNSKIS SAID, "AND HE TOLD ME 'I WILL DO THAT.'"

THE PRIEST SAID HE HAS BEEN GETTING LETTERS FROM HIS MOTHER, WHO SOON LEARNED OF THE KHRUSHCHEV PROMISE AND LOOKED FORWARD TO JOINING HER SON. "SHE'S CONTACTING INSTITUTIONS IN LITHUANIA," HE SAID, "BUT THERE HAS BEEN NOTHING DEFINITE."

JK504AES

A149BT

WITH KHRUSHCHEV PROMISES (260)

DETROIT, NOV. 21 (AP)-"ALWAYS WE PRAYED THAT SOMEDAY WE WOULD BE TOGETHER AND NOW OUR PRAYERS ARE ANSWERED."

MRS. ARMILDE NOMM SAID TODAY THAT SHE AND HER HUSBAND, JOHNNES, HOPED TO BE REUNITED BY CHRISTMAS WITH THEIR 20-YEAR-OLD DAUGHTER WHO HAS BEEN LIVING BEHIND THE IRON CURTAIN SINCE SHE WAS FIVE.

THE NOMMS, BOTH 50, SAID THEY HAVE RECEIVED A LETTER FROM THE U.S. EMBASSY IN MOSCOW SAYING THE RUSSIANS HAVE GIVEN THEIR DAUGHTER, ANNE-REET, PERMISSION TO LEAVE ESTONIA AND JOIN HER PARENTS IN DETROIT.

THEY SAID THEY DID NOT KNOW WHEN ANNE-REET WILL ARRIVE HERE BECAUSE "THERE ARE SO MANY FORMS TO BE FILLED OUT AND AFFIDAVITS TO SIGN."

THE NOMMS WERE AMONG THE REFUGEES WHO FLED THE BALTIC COUNTRIES AHEAD OF THE RUSSIAN CONQUEST IN WORLD WAR II. THEIR HOME WAS IN TALLINN, CAPITAL OF ESTONIA. EVERYTHING HAPPENED SO QUICKLY THEY HAD NO TIME TO ARRANGE FOR THEIR DAUGHTER TO TRAVEL WITH THEM. THEY THOUGHT IT WOULD NOT BE DIFFICULT TO GET HER OUT OF THE COUNTRY LATER.

THEY WAITED IN AUGSBURG, GERMANY, FOR THE WAR TO END. THEIR PLEAS TO THE RUSSIANS TO ALLOW ANNE-REET TO JOIN THEM BROUGHT NO RESULTS. THEY WAITED AND PRAYED.

IN AUGSBURG, THEIR SON, REIN, NOW 14, WAS BORN. NINE YEARS AGO THEY HAD A CHANCE TO COME TO THE UNITED STATES.

NOMM GOT A JOB AT FORD MOTOR CO., SAVED HIS MONEY AND BOUGHT A HOME IN DETROIT.

THEY KEPT IN TOUCH WITH ANNE-REET BY LETTERS. THEY WERE TOLD WHEN SHE WAS GRADUATED FROM HIGH SCHOOL AND TOOK A JOB IN A LABORATORY.



MEANWHILE, THE NOMMS KEPT AFTER THE STATE DEPARTMENT IN WASHINGTON TO HELP THEM GET THEIR DAUGHTER TO THIS COUNTRY. BUT THEY WERE UNAWARE OF THE INTERNATIONAL POLITICS INVOLVED AND THE PLEAS THAT WERE MADE TO SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV DURING HIS VISIT TO THE U.S.

EL1005PES

A152

(200)

MOSCOW, NOV. 21 (AP)-THE BRITISH BOOK EXHIBITION OPENED IN MOSCOW TODAY--BUT ONLY AFTER SOVIET AUTHORITIES PULLED 30 VOLUMES OFF THE SHELVES AS NOT SUITABLE FOR SOVIET READERS.

A TOTAL OF 4,000 BOOKS AND 600 PERIODICALS WERE DISPLAYED IN THE LENIN LIBRARY'S BIGGEST EXHIBITION ROOM.

DURING A SIMILAR AMERICAN EXHIBITION, SOVIET OFFICIALS ORDERED ABOUT 100 BOOKS WITHDRAWN FROM THE DISPLAY OF ABOUT 10,000.

AMONG THOSE WITHDRAWN TODAY WERE THE OXFORD UNIVERSITY ATLAS OF EASTERN EUROPE, "ART AND REALITY" BY JOYCE CARY, "WHITE MAN'S DILEMMA" BY LORD BOYD ORR, "ADONIS AND ALPHABET" BY ALDOUS HUXLEY, KEEPING'S CONTEMPORARY ARCHIVES (WEEKLY ACCOUNTS OF IMPORTANT WORLD EVENTS), "FUNCTION, PURPOSE AND POWER" BY DOROTHY EMMETT, THE CONCISE ENCYCLOPAEDIA OF WORLD HISTORY BY JOHN K. BOWLE, "LATER CHURCHILLS," BY A. L. ROUSE, THE STORY OF THE CHURCHILL FAMILY; "HITLER, A STUDY IN TYRANNY," BY ALLAN BULLOCK, "THE LAST DAYS OF HITLER" BY HUGH TREVOR ROPER, "THE NEMESIS OF POWER" BY WHEELER BENNETT.

THE LAST THREE MENTIONED HITLER'S DEALINGS WITH THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT BEFORE AND AFTER THE BEGINNING OF THE LAST WAR. EVIDENTLY ALL THE BOOKS HAD SOME REFERENCE TO THE SOVIET UNION OR ITS HISTORY WHICH THE SOVIET AUTHORITIES DID NOT WANT DISSEMINATED IN THE SOVIET UNION.

EXHIBITS REMAINING INCLUDED SUCH VARIED PUBLICATIONS AS SIR WINSTON CHURCHILL'S WAR SERIES, WALES FROM THE AIR -- AND THE CEREBRAL PALSY BULLETIN.

R1016PES

A140

(190)

LONDON, NOV. 21 (AP)-AN AMERICAN PROFESSOR WARNED TONIGHT THE RUSSIANS COULD WIN A BLOODLESS, WORLD WIDE VICTORY OVER THE WEST--WITH MACHINE TOOLS.

THE SOVIET UNION IS THE ONLY COUNTRY IN THE WORLD MASS PRODUCING MACHINE TOOLS, SAID SEYMOUR MELMAN, ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR OF INDUSTRIAL MANAGEMENT AND ENGINEERING AT COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY.

"WHOEVER SUPPLIES THE BASIC MEANS OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION THEREBY ESTABLISHES A NETWORK OF CONTACTS WHOSE RESULT IS POLITICAL INFLUENCE ON A LARGE SCALE," MELMAN SAID IN A RADIO SPEECH FOR THE BRITISH BROADCASTING CORP.

"IN MY OPINION," HE WENT ON, "THIS IS THE UNDERLYING STRATEGY OF THE OFT-EXPRESSED SOVIET INTEREST IN ECONOMIC COMPETITION ON A PEACEFUL BASIS.

"WITH THEIR SIDE OF ECONOMIC COMPETITION BEING CARRIED OUT FROM A BASE OF MASS PRODUCING MACHINERY INDUSTRIES, THE SOVIETS COULD VERY WELL BE IN A POSITION TO WIN ON A WORLD SCALE."

HE SAID THE WEST MUST MOVE DECISIVELY TO IMPROVE ITS INDUSTRIAL ORGANIZATION.

"IF PRIVATE MANagements SHOULD PROVE UNWILLING OR INCAPABLE OF ACTING DECISIVELY FOR IMPROVED EFFICIENCY, THEN GOVERNMENT INTERVENTION WOULD BE CALLED FOR," MELMAN ADDED.

FV930PES

B50 (Q)

(190)

KARLSRUHE, GERMANY, NOV. 21 (AP)-THE WEST GERMAN CONSTITUTIONAL COURT HAS RULED THAT IT ALONE CAN DECIDE WHETHER AN EDITOR CAN BE RESTRICTED IN HIS CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS.

IN A DECISION PUBLISHED TODAY, THE COURT VOIDED A NORTH RHINE-WESTPHALIAN STATE LAW WHICH PROVIDED FOR A WRITING BAN ON EDITORS

30.24-9287

AND PUBLISHERS "WHO HAVE MISUSED THEIR PROFESSIONAL ACTIVITY AGAINST THE LIBERTARIAN DEMOCRATIC ORDER."

THE LAW WAS DIRECTED PARTICULARLY AGAINST EDITORS WHO "PROPAGATED NATIONALIST, MILITARIST, TOTALITARIAN IDEAS AND RACIAL HATRED."

IT CAME BEFORE THE CONSTITUTIONAL COURT AFTER ONE EDITOR WAS BARRED FROM WRITING FOR FIVE YEARS UNDER THE 10-YEAR-OLD LAW, ORIGINALLY INTENDED TO PREVENT NAZI TRENDS IN THE PRESS. IN VOIDING THE LAW, THE CONSTITUTIONAL COURT SAID:

"THE BASIC RIGHT OF FREEDOM OF THE PRESS GUARANTEES THE FREE EXPRESSION OF OPINION AND THE SPREADING OF IT BY THE PRESS. X X X AN EDITOR WOULD BE DENIED THE UNDISTURBED EXERCISE OF HIS BASIC RIGHT IF A GOVERNMENT WOULD HAVE THE RIGHT TO BAR HIM FROM HIS PROFESSION."

"THEREBY, THIS GOVERNMENT WOULD RESTRICT THE BASIC RIGHT OF THE EDITOR, SOMETHING ONLY THE FEDERAL CONSTITUTIONAL COURT CAN DO IN A PROCEEDING."

W1107AES

A137

(200)

NIGHT LEAD ROSENTHAL

WARSAW, POLAND, NOV. 21 (AP)-THE NEWSPAPER ZYCIE WARSZAWY CHARGED TODAY THAT A.M. ROSENTHAL, NEW YORK TIMES CORRESPONDENT WHO LEFT POLAND YESTERDAY UNDER AN EXPULSION ORDER, HAD REPORTED "GOSSIP AND SPECULATION AS NEWS."

THIS WAS THE FIRST MENTION OF THE ROSENTHAL CASE IN THE POLISH PRESS. HE WAS ORDERED NOV. 12 TO LEAVE THIS COMMUNIST COUNTRY WITHIN A WEEK. A FOREIGN MINISTRY OFFICIAL SAID AT THE TIME ROSENTHAL HAD PROBED TOO DEEPLY INTO POLISH INTERNAL AFFAIRS AND MATTERS CONCERNING THE POLISH COMMUNIST PARTY.

ASKED BY ROSENTHAL TO CITE ANY INSTANCES OF FALSE REPORTING, THE OFFICIAL SAID THE QUESTION OF FALSENESS WAS NOT AT ISSUE.

THE ZYCIA WARSZAWY ARTICLE SAID ROSENTHAL IGNORED A WARNING THAT "IN OUR COUNTRY MISINFORMATION IS NOT TOLERATED."

ROSENTHAL WAS ORDERED NOV. 12 TO LEAVE THE COUNTRY AND GIVEN A WEEK TO SETTLE HIS AFFAIRS. HE LEFT YESTERDAY. A FOREIGN MINISTRY OFFICIAL WHO NOTIFIED ROSENTHAL HIS ACCREDITATION HAD BEEN LIFTED TOLD HIM AT THE TIME HE HAD PROBED TOO DEEPLY INTO THE INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF THE COUNTRY AND INTO MATTERS CONCERNING THE PARTY AND ITS LEADERSHIP. WHEN ROSENTHAL ASKED THE OFFICIAL TO CITE ANY INSTANCES OF FALSE REPORTING, HE WAS TOLD THE QUESTION OF FALSENESS WAS NOT AT ISSUE.

DURING THE WEEK ROSENTHAL REMAINED IN THE COUNTRY, THERE WAS NO PUBLIC ANNOUNCEMENT OF HIS EXPULSION NOR ANY COMMENT IN THE PRESS.

ZYCIE WARSZAWY DID NOT CITE ANY SPECIFIC CASE OF THE MISINFORMATION IT MENTIONED BUT SAID ROSENTHAL HAD TRIED "WITH THE AID OF FREE AND CUTTING SPECULATION TO REPRESENT THE RECENT MOVES AIMING AT THE STRENGTHENING OF THE LEADERSHIP OF THE NATIONAL ECONOMY AS THE DISCARDING BY THE PARTY OF THE POLITICAL LINE WHICH IT HAS BEEN FOLLOWING FOR THREE YEARS."

IT SAID HIS ARTICLES HAD PROVIDED PROPAGANDA HIGHLY VALUED BY RADIO FREE EUROPE IN MUNICH. IT ALSO SAID OFFICIAL AMERICAN SOURCES HAD TRIED TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THE ROSENTHAL EXPULSION TO WEAKEN SUPPORT FOR POLAND IN THE UNITED NATIONS IN REGARD TO ITS BID FOR A SEAT ON THE SECURITY COUNCIL.

"BY THE WAY, SO FAR THIS HAS BEEN WITHOUT RESULT," IT ADDED. ZYCIE WARSZAWY SAID POLISH-AMERICAN RELATIONS HAVE DEVELOPED SATISFACTORILY IN THE PAST FEW YEARS DESPITE ATTEMPTS OF "CERTAIN CIRCLES" IN THE UNITED STATES TO CAUSE TROUBLE. IT CONCLUDED:



"VARIOUS CONTACTS ARE BROADENING--NOT ONLY ECONOMIC ONES BUT ALSO THOSE IN CULTURE, PRESS AND SCIENCE. THIS CAUSE WAS NOT SERVED BY THE MISINFORMATION WHICH MR. ROSENTHAL CARRIED ON.

"HE IS LEAVING POLAND IN ORDER THAT THE POSITIVE POLISH-AMERICAN CONTACTS AND THE HONEST MUTUAL INFORMATION OF THE PUBLIC OPINION OF BOTH COUNTRIES MAY DEVELOP WITHOUT OBSTACLES."

--DASH--

THERE WAS NO COMMENT FROM THE NEW YORK TIMES ON THE POLISH REPORT.

--DASH--

ROSENTHAL ARRIVED IN VIENNA SATURDAY NIGHT.

THE NEW YORK TIMES QUOTED HIM AS SAYING THAT THE WARSAW NEWSPAPER'S STATEMENT "THAT I HAD BEEN WARNED PREVIOUSLY ABOUT 'MISINFORMATION' IS SIMPLY FALSE."

ROSENTHAL SAID HE WAS EXPELLED BECAUSE HE REPORTED INFORMATION THAT THE POLISH GOVERNMENT PREFERRED TO HIDE FROM THE POLISH PEOPLE AND FROM THE WORLD. HE SAID HE HAD REPORTED NOTHING BUT FACTS.

FV924PES

A75

(180)

BY JOHN BAUSMAN

WARSAW, NOV. 21 (AP)--JERZY MORAWSKI, ONCE ONE OF COMMUNIST PARTY CHIEF WLADYSLAW GOMULKA'S CHIEF LIEUTENANTS, HAS BEEN ASSIGNED TO A RELATIVELY MINOR POST IN THE POLISH GOVERNMENT.

THE OFFICIAL NEWS AGENCY ANNOUNCED LAST NIGHT THAT MORAWSKI IS NOW A VICE CHAIRMAN OF THE HIGHEST CHAMBER OF CONTROL (CAPS H.C.C.).

THE CHAMBER KEEPS AN EYE ON ADMINISTRATIVE AND BUDGETARY AFFAIRS OF THE GOVERNMENT AND MAKES REPORTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS TO PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF MINISTERS, BUT HAS LITTLE DIRECT POWER OF ITS OWN.

INFORMED SOURCES SAY THE 41-YEAR-OLD MORAWSKI HAS RESIGNED FROM THE RULING COMMUNIST PARTY'S POLITBURO AND CENTRAL COMMITTEE IN PROTEST AGAINST BRINGING HARD-LINE ECONOMISTS AND POLITICIANS BACK INTO THE GOVERNMENT.

MORAWSKI WAS NAMED TO THE PARTY HIERARCHY IN THE OCTOBER 1956 UPHEAVAL THAT BROUGHT GOMULKA TO POWER AND INTRODUCED A DEGREE OF RELAXATION IN COMMUNIST POLAND.

ALTHOUGH A FIRM COMMUNIST, MORAWSKI WAS REGARDED AS ONE OF GOMULKA'S STAUNCH SUPPORTERS AGAINST THE STALINIST BLOC. FORMERLY EDITOR OF THE PARTY NEWSPAPER TRYBUNA LUDU, HE WAS IN CHARGE OF CULTURAL AFFAIRS FOR THE PARTY.

JG701AES

A134

(110)

BELGRADE, YUGOSLAVIA, NOV. 21 (AP)--FOREIGN MINISTER KOCA POPOVIC TOLD PARLIAMENT TODAY THE INTERNATIONAL SITUATION HAS IMPROVED CONSIDERABLY BUT THAT MUCH EFFORT STILL IS REQUIRED TO SETTLE OUTSTANDING PROBLEMS.

SPEAKING BEFORE A JOINT SESSION, POPOVIC SAID THIS COUNTRY'S INTERNATIONAL POSITION CONSTANTLY STRENGTHENS AND APPRAISED THE PRESENT TREND IN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS AS FAVORABLE.

HE WARNED HOWEVER, THAT "SOME CIRCLES" WISH TO DIRECT THE PROCESS OF AGREEMENT TOWARD SPHERES OF INTEREST BARRING SMALL NATIONS. HE EXPRESSED BELIEF, NEVERTHELESS, THAT COEXISTENCE BASED ON FULL EQUALITY, MEANING THAT OTHER COUNTRIES PARTICIPATE IN NEGOTIATIONS, WILL PREVAIL.

FV917PES

A28KX

(WEST OUT)

DALLAS, NOV. 21 (AP)--INDIA WILL DO EVERYTHING POSSIBLE TO AVOID WAR WITH RED CHINA IN THEIR BORDER DISPUTE, BUT THERE IS LITTLE HOPE THAT CURRENT NEGOTIATIONS WILL BE FRUITFUL, THE SISTER OF INDIA'S PRIME MINISTER NEHRU SAID HERE YESTERDAY.

"ANY OTHER NATION IN THIS SITUATION WITH RED CHINA WOULD HAVE RESORTED TO FORCE BUT INDIA HAS DEEP RESPECT FOR THE PRINCIPLES OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND WE WILL CONTINUE NEGOTIATING," MADAME VIJAVA LAKSMI PANDIT SAID HERE EN ROUTE TO FORT WORTH.

MADAME PANDIT IS AMBASSADOR TO IRELAND AND HIGH COMMISSIONER FOR INDIA IN LONDON.

VR234ACS NM

B31 (GQ)

(220)

BY DAY INOSHITA

TOKYO, NOV. 21 (AP)--TWO KOREAN NEWSBOYS EN ROUTE TO THE UNITED STATES HAD THEIR FIRST CONTACT WITH YOUNG AMERICA TODAY AT A NOISY BIRTHDAY PARTY FOR AMERICAN CHILDREN FEATURING HOT DOGS AND COKES AND A MAGIC SHOW.

AS THEY PREPARED TO GO WITH THE GROUP TO A WESTERN MOVIE AFTERWARDS, CHO YUNG-CHIK -- CHO-CHEE--AND JIM KWANG-KON -- KIM-CHEE -- NODDED THEIR HEADS VIGOROUSLY "VERY GOODS," THEY AGREED.

THE BOYS WERE "LI'L TIGERS," THE NICKNAME OF THE MORE THAN 250 NEWS-BOYS WHO DELIVER THE U.S. MILITARY NEWSPAPER STARS AND STRIPES TO GI'S IN FRONT-LINE BUNKERS IN KOREA, AIRMEN AT ISOLATED AIRSTRIPS, AND RADARMEN AND WEATHER PERSONNEL IN DISTANT MOUNTAIN OUTPOSTS.

CHO-CHEE, 14, A BRIGHT-EYED ORPHANAGE BOY WHO USED TO BEG ON THE STREETS OF SEOUL, AND KIM-CHEE, 13, A FARM-BOY WHOSE FATHER, A SOLDIER IN THE ROK ARMY, DIED DURING THE KOREAN WAR, WERE GIVEN TRIPS TO THE U.S. FROM AMONG THE 10 MOST POPULAR "LI'L TIGERS" CHOSEN BY A POLL OF AMERICAN TROOPS IN KOREA.

THEY WILL FLY TO HONOLULU SUNDAY ABOARD AN AMERICAN MILITARY TRANSPORT PLANE AND LATER TAKE IN WASHINGTON, NEW YORK, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, SAN FRANCISCO AND LOS ANGELES.

THEIR FIRST MEETING WITH A GROUP OF AMERICAN CHILDREN WAS AT A NINTH BIRTHDAY PARTY HERE FOR BRENT SKEAN, SON OF STARS AND STRIPES PRODUCTION MANAGER GORDON SKEAN, OF MOREHEAD CITY, N.C., AT THE OFFICERS' CLUB AT THE WASHINGTON HEIGHTS U.S. MILITARY HOUSING AREA.

HA755AES

A145

(150)

NAHA, OKINAWA, NOV. 21 (AP)--U.S. MILITARY FORCES PULLED OUT ALL STOPS HERE TODAY FOR MILITARY OFFICIALS FROM 17 FRIENDLY ASIAN NATIONS. A MASSIVE DISPLAY OF AMERICAN FIREPOWER AT EASLEY RANGE IN NORTH OKINAWA INCLUDED TWO MOCK NUCLEAR DROPS, NAPALM AND LIGHT BOMB DROPS AND AIR-TO-GROUND ROCKETS.

THE SHOW FOLLOWED YESTERDAY'S FIRING OF FOUR MISSILES FROM BOLO POINT--A MATADOR, HONEST JOHN AND TWO NIKE HERCULES.

BOTH DEMONSTRATIONS AS WELL AS THE FACT THAT ASIAN MILITARY MEN WERE PRESENT, WERE CONDUCTED UNDER A CLOAK OF SECRECY. A MILITARY OFFICIAL SAID THE REASON FOR THE SECRECY WAS THAT IF THE NEWS HAD BEEN RELEASED IN ADVANCE "IT MIGHT HURT THE U.S. POSITION HERE." HE DECLINED FURTHER COMMENT EXCEPT TO SAY THE ORDERS FOR SECRECY CAME FROM ADM. HARRY FELT, COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF U.S. FORCES, PACIFIC.

ONE THEORY IS THAT LOCAL U.S. OFFICIALS WISH TO AVOID ANY ANTI-MISSILE OR H-BOMB DEMONSTRATIONS BY THE HIGHLY VOLATILE LEFTIST GROUPS HERE.

FV952PES

A61UN

AMS BUDGET (400)

NIGHT LEAD U.N.-TESTS  
UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., NOV. 21 (AP)--THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY TODAY PASSED TWO RESOLUTIONS TO HOLD UP NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS AND A THIRD TO KEEP THE 82-NATION DISARMAMENT COMMISSION GOING.

ONE RESOLUTION APPEALED TO ALL COUNTRIES TO DESIST FROM SUCH TESTS DURING THE THREE-POWER GENEVA TALKS TO STOP ALL EXPERIMENTS OF THE SORT UNDER INTERNATIONAL CONTROLS.



ONLY FRANCE VOTED AGAINST A 24-NATION ASIAN-AFRICAN RESOLUTION FOR THIS PURPOSE AS THE PROPOSAL SAILED THROUGH ON A 60-1 ROLL CALL. SHE PLANS TO TEST HER FIRST ATOMIC BOMB IN THE SAHARA EARLY NEXT YEAR. BRITAIN AND THE UNITED STATES, INVOLVED IN THE CURRENT GENEVA TALKS, WERE AMONG 20 COUNTRIES THAT ABSTAINED FROM VOTING. NEARLY ALL OF THEM KNOWN FOR THEIR FRIENDSHIP WITH FRANCE.

THE SOVIET UNION, THE THIRD PARTY TO THE NEGOTIATIONS, VOTED FOR THE RESOLUTION. SO DID ALL THE REST OF THE NINE-NATION SOVIET BLOC, NEARLY ALL THE 29-NATION ASIAN-AFRICAN GROUP AND MOST OF THE 20-NATION LATIN-AMERICAN GROUP.

ANOTHER RESOLUTION, PUSHED BY AUSTRIA, SWEDEN, AND JAPAN, URGED THE THREE NEGOTIATING COUNTRIES "TO CONTINUE THEIR PRESENT VOLUNTARY DISCONTINUANCE OF THE TESTING OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS."

THIS WAS ADOPTED 78-0 ON A SHOW OF HANDS. AFGHANISTAN AND FRANCE ABSTAINED.

BOTH RESOLUTIONS EXPRESSED HOPE FOR AN EARLY AGREEMENT IN THE GENEVA NEGOTIATIONS AND ASKED THE BIG THREE TO REPORT THE RESULTS TO THE U.N.

BOTH REFERRED TO THE NEED FOR EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL CONTROL. THE ASIAN-AFRICAN RESOLUTION ALONE MENTIONED "INCREASING HAZARDS" FROM NUCLEAR TESTS AND "THE PROFOUND CONCERN EVINCED BY THE PEOPLE OF ALL COUNTRIES" OVER SUCH TESTS.

THE THIRD RESOLUTION, SPONSORED BY INDIA AND YUGOSLAVIA, HAD THE ASSEMBLY DECIDING THAT THE DISARMAMENT COMMISSION "SHALL CONTINUE TO BE COMPOSED OF ALL MEMBERS OF THE UNITED NATIONS."

THE ASSEMBLY, WHICH HAD EXPANDED THE COMMISSION LAST YEAR TO TAKE IN ALL 82 U.N. MEMBERS, GAVE ITS UNANIMOUS CONSENT TO KEEPING THE HUGE BODY ALIVE.

THE RESOLUTION ALSO ASKED SECRETARY GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD TO PROVIDE "SUCH FACILITIES AS MAY BE REQUIRED" BY THE 10-NATION EAST-WEST DISARMAMENT COMMITTEE THAT WILL CONVENE EARLY NEXT YEAR IN GENEVA. THAT COMMITTEE HAS BEEN FORMED OUTSIDE THE U.N. AS AN OUTGROWTH OF LAST SUMMER'S GENEVA FOREIGN MINISTERS' CONFERENCE.

IN ITS 70-MINUTE SATURDAY MEETING, THE ASSEMBLY FINISHED ITS WORK ON DISARMAMENT, AMOUNTING ALL TOLD TO SIX RESOLUTIONS.

YESTERDAY IT ADOPTED AN ASIAN-AFRICAN RESOLUTION AGAINST FRANCE'S PLAN FOR A 1960 ATOMIC-BOMB TEST IN THE SAHARA, AN IRISH RESOLUTION SEEKING TO LIMIT THE SO-CALLED NUCLEAR CLUB AND AN 82-NATION (CORRECT) RESOLUTION REFERRING ALL PENDING DISARMAMENT PROPOSALS TO THE 10-NATION COMMITTEE.

THIS LAST DECISION STEMMED FROM SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV'S SEPT. 18 PLAN FOR "GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT" IN FOUR YEARS. BUT IT ALSO MENTIONED BRITISH FOREIGN SECRETARY SELWYN LLOYD'S SEPT. 17 PROPOSAL FOR BALANCED, STEP-BY-STEP ARMS CUTS.

THE SOVIET UNION AND THE UNITED STATES WORKED THE RESOLUTION OUT TOGETHER AND THEN ALL THE REST OF THE COUNTRIES IN THE U.N. JUMPED ON THE BANDWAGON AS SPONSORS.

JJ426PES

A75

(280)

NIGHT LEAD MIKOYAN

BY CHARLES H. GUPTILL

MEXICO CITY, NOV. 21 (AP)-SOVIET FIRST DEPUTY PREMIER ANASTAS I. MIKOYAN OPENED HIS COUNTRY'S BIG SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FAIR TODAY WITH A MESSAGE OF PEACE.

MIKOYAN SAID THE SOVIET UNION "IS FAR FROM LAUNCHING ANOTHER WAR" AND ON THE CONTRARY "IS A PEACE-LOVING AND HARD-WORKING COUNTRY."

MIKOYAN SPOKE FROM AN OPEN AIR PLATFORM IN FRONT OF THE NATIONAL AUDITORIUM. ON THE PLATFORM BEHIND HIM WERE PRESIDENT ADOLFO LOPEZ MATEOS AND HIS CABINET. ABOVE THEM FLUTTERED THE FLAGS OF MEXICO AND THE SOVIET UNION.

"WE NEVER HAVE BEEN AN AGGRESSOR COUNTRY AND WE NEVER WILL," SAID THE SOVIET TRADE EXPERT, THE HIGHEST RANKING MOSCOW OFFICIAL EVER TO VISIT LATIN AMERICA.

30.24-9289

"WE ARE FOR PEACE, ALWAYS PEACE. WE FAVOR PEACEFUL COEXISTENCE WITH COUNTRIES WITH POLITICAL SYSTEMS DIFFERENT FROM OURS. WE ARE AGAINST THE INTERVENTION OF ONE STATE IN THE AFFAIRS OF ANOTHER."

THE SOVIET EXHIBIT INSIDE THE NATIONAL AUDITORIUM WAS DECLARED OPEN BY RAUL SALINAS, MEXICO'S MINISTER OF INDUSTRY AND COMMERCE. SALINAS SAID MEXICO "AS A COUNTRY IN THE PROCESS OF DEVELOPMENT, ALWAYS IS INTERESTED IN EXHIBITIONS WHICH REFLECT OTHER COUNTRIES AND ECONOMIES." MIKOYAN ACCOMPANIED LOPEZ MATEOS AND OTHER MEXICAN OFFICIALS ON A TOUR OF THE SOVIET DISPLAYS.

MIKOYAN IS EXPECTED TO DISCUSS INCREASED SOVIET-MEXICAN TRADE WITH BANKERS AND OTHER BUSINESS LEADERS NEXT WEEK. THE DEPUTY PREMIER OPENED HIS SALES PITCH LAST NIGHT BY BOASTING AT A CIVIC DINNER THAT THE SOVIET UNION HAD SURPASSED THE UNITED STATES IN THE ECONOMIC FIELD AS WELL AS THE SCIENTIFIC. HOWEVER, THE SOVIET UNION NOW IS EMBARKED ON A 7-YEAR PLAN DESIGNED TO CATCH UP WITH U.S. INDUSTRIAL AND AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION.

DF&MJ638PES

--95--

FIRST LEAD ATOMIC (250) (CB944)  
WASHINGTON, NOV. 21 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA AGREED TODAY TO "EXPLORE THE DESIRABILITY OF JOINT PROJECTS" IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF ATOMIC ENERGY FOR PEACEFUL PURPOSES.

THE AGREEMENT IS SET FORTH IN A BROAD NEW ACCORD FOR U.S.-SOVIET COOPERATION-IN EXCHANGES OF PEOPLE AND IDEAS FOR THE NEXT TWO YEARS. THE ACCORD COVERS SCIENTIFIC, INDUSTRIAL, EDUCATIONAL AND OTHER FIELDS.

UNDER THE SCIENTIFIC SECTION OF THE PACT, THE TWO GOVERNMENTS AGREED TO LOOK INTO THE POSSIBILITY OF WORKING OUT JOINT PROJECTS IN ADDITION TO MAKING A FIRM DEAL "FOR RECIPROCAL EXCHANGES OF INFORMATION AND VISITS OF SCIENTISTS."

THE TASK OF SHAPING SPECIFIC PROPOSALS FOR APPROVAL BY THE TWO GOVERNMENTS WAS ASSIGNED TO THE U.S. ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION AND THE SOVIET ATOMIC ENERGY ADMINISTRATION. NO SPECIFIC ARRANGEMENTS WERE MADE IN THE BROAD GENERAL AGREEMENT ANNOUNCED TODAY.

THE SCIENTIFIC SECTION ALSO CONTAINED A PROVISION THAT THE U.S.S.R. ACADEMY OF SCIENCES AND THE AMERICAN COUNCIL OF LEARNED SOCIETIES SHOULD TRY TO WORK OUT A PROGRAM FOR EXCHANGES OF SCHOLARS "IN THE SOCIAL SCIENCES AND THE HUMANITIES." THIS WOULD INCLUDE HISTORIANS, ECONOMISTS, PHILOSOPHERS, SPECIALISTS IN LITERATURE AND LINGUISTICS.

THE RECOMMENDATIONS TO SWAP TEAMS OF SCIENTISTS AND TO LOOK INTO UNDERTAKING JOINT PROJECTS WERE MADE BY CHAIRMAN JOHN A. MCCONE OF THE AEC AND PROF. V.S. EMELIANOV, HIS RUSSIAN COUNTERPART. THEY TOLD ABOUT IT AT A NEWS CONFERENCE YESTERDAY.

EMELIANOV SUGGESTED THAT ONE CONCEIVABLE PROJECT WOULD BE THE BUILDING OF A GIANT ATOM-SMASHING MACHINE--BIGGER AND OF MORE NOVEL DESIGN THAN ANY EXISTING MACHINE.

SUCH A JOINT EFFORT WOULD SAVE BOTH COUNTRIES A LOT OF MONEY AND TIME, HE SAID.

THERE WAS NO INDICATION AS TO WHERE THE MACHINE WOULD BE BUILT IF THE PLAN IS APPROVED.

UNDER THE EXCHANGE-OF-SCIENTISTS PLAN, THREE TEAMS OF SCIENTISTS NUMBERING UP TO FIVE EACH WOULD SWAP VISITS TO LABORATORIES CONCERNED WITH RESEARCH ON: (1) THE QUEST TO HARNESS THE H-BOMB REACTION FOR INDUSTRIAL ELECTRIC POWER; (2) FURTHER DEVELOPMENT OF ATOMIC FISSION REACTORS; AND (3) HIGH-ENERGY PHYSICS.

SCIENTISTS WOULD STAY ABOUT 15 DAYS IN THE LABORATORIES. AND IF THE PLAN WORKED WELL WITH THE FIRST THREE GROUPS, THERE WOULD BE FURTHER EXCHANGES. POSSIBLY INCLUDING OTHER AREAS OF STUDY.



EMEL'YANOV IS HEAD OF A GROUP OF SOVIET ATOMIC SCIENTISTS WHO HAVE BEEN TOURING THE UNITED STATES. HE SAID YESTERDAY HE HAD SEEN EVERYTHING THAT HAD BEEN AGREED ON IN ADVANCE--BUT THAT THERE WERE OTHER THINGS HE WOULD LIKE TO HAVE SEEN.

VISAS OF FIVE SOVIET SPACE SCIENTISTS WHO CAME HERE FOR THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE AMERICAN ROCKET SOCIETY WERE EXTENDED YESTERDAY. THE EXTENSION WILL PERMIT THEM TO VISIT POINTS SUCH AS THE STATE UNIVERSITY OF IOWA, CENTER OF STUDIES ON THE VAN ALLEN RADIATION BELT.

IN MOSCOW, TASS ANNOUNCED THE SIGNING OF A NEW SCIENTIFIC, TECHNICAL AND EXCHANGE AGREEMENT COVERING 1960-61. IT EXTENDS A PROGRAM STARTED IN 1958.

THE SOVIET NEWS AGENCY SAID THE EXTENSION PROVIDES FOR DEVELOPMENT OF COOPERATION IN PEACEFUL USES OF ATOMIC ENERGY, AND THAT U.S. AND RUSSIAN OFFICIALS HAVE EXPRESSED A DESIRE "TO ARRANGE JOINT RESEARCH."

EH803AES

A52

(230)

MONTE CARLO, MONACO, NOV. 21 (AP)-SOVIET AND CANADIAN SCIENTISTS BRUSHED ASIDE TODAY A SUGGESTION THAT RADIOACTIVE WASTE MATERIALS SHOULD BE PUT ON ICE--STORED IN GLACIERS.

A DELEGATE TO THE INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON DISPOSAL OF RADIOACTIVE WASTES HAD SUGGESTED THAT DISPOSING OF UNWANTED MATTER ON A GLACIAL ICE CAP, WHERE IT WOULD BE SEALED IN BY NEW SNOW AND ICE, WOULD TAKE CARE OF THE PROBLEM FOR AT LEAST 20,000 YEARS.

C. A. MAWSON, ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OF THE BIOLOGY BRANCH OF THE CANADIAN ATOMIC ENERGY CENTER, TOOK THE OTHER VIEW:

"WE HAVE ICE IN CANADA. WE HAVE TRIED THIS METHOD. IT IS VERY EXPENSIVE TO TRANSPORT THE WASTES. IN OUR OPINION, THIS IS A METHOD THAT HAS ONLY THEORETICAL INTEREST."

VICTOR SPITZINE, HEAD OF THE RUSSIAN DELEGATION TO THE CONFERENCE WHICH ENDED TODAY, TOOK A SIMILAR LINE:

"TRANSPORTATION BY PLANE OF A LITER (ABOUT A U.S. QUART) OF ATOMIC WASTES REQUIRES SEVERAL TONS OF PROTECTIVE MATTER. I AM COMPLETELY IN AGREEMENT THAT THIS SYSTEM HAS ONLY A THEORETICAL INTEREST."

IN A CLOSING ADDRESS, W. W. TAIT, DIRECTOR OF THE DIVISION OF DISPOSAL OF RADIOACTIVE WASTES AT THE INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY AGENCY, SAID:

"IN SPITE OF THE DIFFERENCE IN OUR OPINIONS HERE, WE HAVE ALL AGREED ON ONE POINT--IT IS NECESSARY THAT THROUGH OUR EFFORTS THE ATOMIC AGE BECOME AN AGE WITHOUT DANGER...WE ARE ALSO ALL AGREED THAT BECAUSE OF THE GREAT QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DIVERSITY OF THE WASTES, THERE IS NO METHOD THAT CAN BE UNIVERSALLY APPLIED FOR ELIMINATION OF RADIOACTIVE SUBSTANCES."

DF325PES

(180) A107Ax

OAK RIDGE, TENN., NOV. 21 (AP)-THE NATION'S FOURTH LEAK OF RADIOACTIVE MATERIALS IN THREE WEEKS--AND THE THIRD IN OAK RIDGE--WAS REPORTED TODAY BY ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION OFFICIALS.

A SPOKESMAN SAID A CLEANING COMPOUND AT OAK RIDGE NATIONAL LABORATORY CAME IN CONTACT WITH SOME ACID, CAUSING A SMALL CHEMICAL EXPLOSION WHICH SCATTERED A TINY AMOUNT OF RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL LAST NIGHT.

IN NONE OF THE LEAKS, THE AEC SAID, WAS THERE ANY DANGER TO HUMAN SAFETY OR HEALTH.

THE FIRST WAS AT THE OAK RIDGE LABORATORY NOV. 2. THE OTHERS, SPACED APPROXIMATELY FIVE DAYS APART, WERE AT THE LOS ALAMOS, N.M., SCIENTIFIC LABORATORY AND THE OAK RIDGE LABORATORY.

THE AEC SPOKESMAN SAID THE LATEST EXPLOSION LEFT THE LEVEL OF RADIATION HIGHER THAN THE DESIRABLE MAXIMUM, BUT THIS MAXIMUM IS KEPT SO LOW THAT HE EMPHASIZED THAT THERE WAS NO DANGER.

THE EXPLOSION WAS CONFINED TO A PILOT PLANT CELL ABOUT 12 FEET SQUARE WITH A 20-FOOT CEILING, IN A BUILDING NEAR THE GRAPHITE REACTOR, WHERE NEW CHEMICAL PROCESSES ARE TESTED. AT THE TIME OF THE BLAST, EQUIPMENT WAS BEING CLEANED IN PREPARATION FOR ANOTHER PROCESSING RUN, AND NO PROCESSING WAS UNDER WAY.

KY758PES NM

A73JUN (ST FW)

(240)

SECOND NIGHT LEAD U.N.-HUNGARY BY WILLIAM N. OATIS

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., NOV. 21 (AP)-AN AMERICAN REQUEST FOR A U.N. DEBATE ON HUNGARY TODAY PROMPTED A SOVIET CHARGE THAT THE UNITED STATES WAS TRYING TO "AGGRAVATE THE INTERNATIONAL ATMOSPHERE" AND UNDERMINE COOPERATION IN OLD-TIME COLD-WAR FASHION.

DIPLOMATIC SOURCES SAID THE UNITED STATES ALSO IS PUSHING A RESOLUTION THAT WOULD HAVE THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY DEPLORE ACTIONS OF SOVIET AND HUNGARIAN AUTHORITIES IN HUNGARY. THEY SAID THE U.S. DELEGATION HAD CIRCULATED COPIES OF SUCH A PROPOSAL TO OTHER DELEGATIONS IN THE HOPE THAT SOME OF THEM WOULD JOIN IN SPONSORING IT.

THE U.S. REQUEST THAT THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY DISCUSS THAT QUESTION SUPPORTED A SIMILAR AND EARLIER BID FROM SIR LESLIE MUNRO OF NEW ZEALAND, U.N. SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE ON HUNGARY.

THIS SUPPORT SEEMED DESIGNED TO ROB THE SOVIET UNION OF A PROCEDURAL ARGUMENT WHEN THE ASSEMBLY'S 21-NATION STEERING COMMITTEE MEETS MONDAY MORNING TO TAKE UP THE MATTER.

THE SOVIET DELEGATION ISSUED A STATEMENT HERE SIX HOURS AFTER THE U.S. ACTION WAS MADE PUBLIC. THE STATEMENT SAID:

"SUCH A STEP ON THE PART OF THE UNITED STATES DELEGATION, CHARACTERISTIC OF THE WORST TIMES OF THE COLD WAR, CANNOT BE REGARDED OTHERWISE THAN AS CONTRADICTING AND UNDERMINING THE SPIRIT OF COOPERATION WHICH BEGAN TO TAKE SHAPE IN THE RELATIONS BETWEEN STATES UNDER THE IMPACT OF THE RECENT RELAXATION OF INTERNATIONAL TENSION...."

"ON THE ONE HAND, THE UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVES DECLARE THEIR DESIRE FOR THE NORMALIZATION OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS AND, ON THE OTHER HAND, (THEY) UNDERTAKE ACTIONS DESIGNED TO AGGRAVATE THE INTERNATIONAL ATMOSPHERE."

THE SOVIET DELEGATION SPOKE SLIGHTINGLY OF MUNRO AS A MAN WHO "CALLS HIMSELF" A U.N. SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE. IT SAID "THE SO-CALLED HUNGARIAN QUESTION... IS FAR-FETCHED AND PROVOCATIVE" AND ANY DISCUSSION OF IT WOULD ONLY HELP "ADVOCATES OF THE CONTINUATION OF THE COLD WAR."

IT EXPRESSED HOPE THAT AMONG U.N. MEMBERS, "THERE WILL BE ENOUGH HEALTHY FORCES TO PREVENT THE USE OF THIS ORGANIZATION FOR SUCH UNSEEMLY AIMS HARMFUL TO THE CAUSE OF PEACE."

THE LIKELIHOOD OF A PROCEDURAL DEBATE HAD BEEN RAISED BY SOMETHING A LEADING MEMBER OF THE DELEGATION SAID.

SOVIET DELEGATE ARKADY A. SOBOLEV TOLD A NEWSMAN YESTERDAY HIS DELEGATION WOULD OBJECT BECAUSE MUNRO HAD NO LEGAL AUTHORITY TO ASK THE ASSEMBLY TO PUT ANYTHING ON ITS AGENDA.

MUNRO HAS ARGUED PRIVATELY THAT HE HAS THAT RIGHT BECAUSE HE IS A SUBSIDIARY ORGAN OF THE ASSEMBLY, AND SUBSIDIARY ORGANS DO. BUT SOBOLEV SAID MUNRO WAS NOTHING OF THE SORT.

THE UNITED STATES MOVE WAS MADE IN A LETTER FROM AMBASSADOR HENRY CABOT LODGE TO U.N. SECRETARY GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD DATED YESTERDAY AND DRI15ED TODAY.

LODGE NOTED THAT MUNRO, IN A LETTER DATED MONDAY AND PUBLISHED WEDNESDAY, HAD ASKED THAT THE HUNGARIAN QUESTION GO ON THE AGENDA OF THE ASSEMBLY'S CURRENT 14TH SESSION AS AN "IMPORTANT AND URGENT" ITEM.

THE ASSEMBLY NAMED MUNRO LAST YEAR TO REPORT ON "SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENTS" HAVING TO DO WITH THE CARRYING OUT OF ITS PAST RESOLUTIONS ON HUNGARY.

THESE RESOLUTIONS CALL FOR THE WITHDRAWAL OF THE SOVIET FORCES THAT PUT DOWN THE 1956 HUNGARIAN UPRISING, AND FOR THE RESTORATION OF INDEPENDENCE AND HUMAN RIGHTS IN HUNGARY.



LODGE WROTE THAT MUNRO HAD ANNOUNCED HIS INTENTION OF SUBMITTING A REPORT TO THE ASSEMBLY.  
"THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT BELIEVES THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY WILL WISH TO HEAR AND CONSIDER SIR LESLIE MUNRO'S REPORT," HE WENT ON. "IN THESE CIRCUMSTANCES, THE UNITED STATES SUPPORTS THE PROPOSAL TO PLACE 'THE QUESTION OF HUNGARY' ON THE AGENDA OF THIS SESSION, AND I HAVE ACCORDINGLY BEEN INSTRUCTED TO ADDRESS TO YOU THIS FURTHER COMMUNICATION REQUESTING INSCRIPTION."  
HE REPEATED MUNRO'S CONTENTION THAT THE SUBJECT WAS OF "IMPORTANT AND URGENT CHARACTER."  
U.S. SOURCES EXPRESSED BELIEF BOTH THE STEERING COMMITTEE MONDAY AND THE 82-NATION ASSEMBLY LATER WOULD GIVE THE MAJORITY VOTES NECESSARY TO PUT THE QUESTION ON THE AGENDA.  
JJ3PES

B37

(300)

-17-  
UNITED NATIONS, N. Y., NOV. 21 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES STRUCK OUT TODAY AGAINST ANYBODY WHO WOULD DO ANYTHING TO DISBAND THE U.N. EMERGENCY FORCE (UNEF), NOW WATCHING OVER PEACE BETWEEN EGYPT AND ISRAEL.

THE NINE-NATION SOVIET BLOC NEVERTHELESS DECLINED TO JOIN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY IN A VOTE BY WHICH THE ASSEMBLY MERELY TOOK NOTE OF SECRETARY GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD'S LATEST ANNUAL REPORT ON THE 5,350-MAN, SEVEN-NATION FORCE. THE VOTE WAS 66-9 WITH 6 ABSTENTIONS.

SOVIET DELEGATE ARKADY A. SOBOLEV ARGUED THAT THE ASSEMBLY USURPED THE AUTHORITY OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL WHEN IT CREATED THE FORCE IN 1956 TO FOLLOW UP THE WITHDRAWAL OF ISRAELI, BRITISH AND FRENCH TROOPS THAT HAD INVADDED EGYPT.

HE SAID THE AGGRESSORS SHOULD BEAR THE FULL 15-MILLION-DOLLAR-A-YEAR COST OF UNEF--AND NOTED THAT 61 OF THE 82 U. N. MEMBERS THIS YEAR HAD FAILED TO PAY SHARES OF THAT COST--ASSESSED AGAINST THEM, LIKE THE U. N. BUDGET, IN ACCORDANCE WITH ABILITY TO PAY.

U. S. AMBASSADOR HENRY CABOT LODGE URGED EVERYBODY TO PAY UP. HE NOTED THAT HAMMARSKJOLD'S REPORT SAID IT WAS HARD TO SEE WHEN UNEF MIGHT BE WITHDRAWN "WITHOUT INVITING THE RISK OF DANGEROUS CONSEQUENCES."

"HE WHO WOULD CONTRIBUTE DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY TO ENDING THIS FORCE IN THE FACE OF THIS STATEMENT....," SAID LODGE, "TAKES UPON HIMSELF A HEAVY AND FATEFUL RESPONSIBILITY INDEED."

"BEFORE THE CREATION OF THIS FORCE, BOTH THE GAZA STRIP AND THE ENTRANCE TO THE GULF OF AQABA HAD BEEN EXPLOSIVE PLACES FULL OF PERIL TO THE PEACE OF THE WORLD. (ITS) MERE PRESENCE...IN THESE TWO PLACES, HAS BEEN ENOUGH TO MAKE THEM PEACEFUL."

THE SOVIET BLOC, MANY ARAB COUNTRIES AND MANY LATIN AMERICAN COUNTRIES DO NOT PAY ANYTHING FOR UNEF. THE FORCE CONSISTS OF OFFICERS AND MEN FROM BRAZIL, CANADA, DENMARK, INDIA, NORWAY, SWEDEN AND YUGOSLAVIA.

JE327PES

A57WX

ADVANCE FOR 6:30 P.M. EST TODAY

(300) REFUGEES

(ADVANCE)..WASHINGTON, NOV. 21 (AP)-THE OPERATION OF THE REFUGEE RELIEF PROGRAM IN JORDAN WAS CALLED IMMORAL, DISHONEST AND UNFAIR TONIGHT BY TWO TOURING SENATORS.

SENS. ALBERT GORE (D-TENN) AND GALE W. MCGEE (D-WYO) BLAMED THE GOVERNMENT OF JORDAN FOR WHAT THEY CALLED UNJUSTIFIED OR FRAUDULENT USE OF 150,000 RATION CARDS WHILE THOUSANDS OF BABIES ARE DENIED CARDS.

DAG HAMMARSKJOLD, SECRETARY GENERAL OF THE UNITED NATIONS, THEY SAID, EXCUSED BOTH SITUATIONS IN A DRAFT REPORT TO THE U.N. ON GROUNDS THEY APPROXIMATELY EQUATED EACH OTHER.

30.24-9291

"THIS IS STRANGE, CRUEL EQUATING -- FRAUDULENT PROFITEERING ON UNRWA RATIONS ON ONE HAND AND DENIAL OF RATIONS TO HUNGRY CHILDREN ON THE OTHER," THE SENATORS ADDED. THE INITIALS STAND FOR UNITED NATIONS RELIEF WORKS AGENCY.

THE SENATORS' STATEMENT, CABLED FROM AMMAN, JORDAN, LAST THURSDAY, WAS RELEASED BY THEIR OFFICES, WHICH SAID IT HAD BEEN SUBMITTED TO PRESIDENT EISENHOWER, SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER AND THE UNITED NATIONS. THE U.N. ADMINISTERS THE RELIEF PROGRAM FOR THE PALESTINE REFUGEES IN JORDAN.

GORE AND MCGEE WERE DESCRIBED BY THEIR OFFICES AS CONDUCTING AN ONE-THE-SPOT INSPECTION FOR THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE, OF WHICH GORE IS A MEMBER, AND THE SENATE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE, ON WHICH MCGEE SERVES.

THE SENATORS QUOTED GEORGE B. VINSON, U.N. FIELD REGISTRATION AND ELIGIBILITY OFFICER STATIONED IN OLD JERUSALEM, AS SAYING THERE ARE "TENS OF THOUSANDS OF NONEXISTENT PEOPLE WITH RATION CARDS WITH WHICH SOMEBODY DRAWS RATIONS," REPRESENTING AN UNJUSTIFIED DISTRIBUTION OF FROM 20 TO 30 PER CENT.

MEANWHILE, THE SENATORS CHARGED, "RATIONS HAVE BEEN DENIED AN ESTIMATED 100,000 BABIES BORN TO REFUGEE FAMILIES SINCE JAN. 1, 1951" BECAUSE OF JORDANIAN REFUSAL TO PERMIT THE VALIDATION OF THEIR RATION CARDS.

THEY SAID LOCAL U.N. RELIEF OFFICIALS ARE NOT BE BLAMED AND HAVE TRIED TO OBTAIN IMPROVEMENTS.

"IT IS THE GOVERNMENT OF JORDAN THAT PREVENTS A CHECK ON HOLDERS OF RATION CARDS," THEY SAID.

THEY SAID A 10-YEAR EXTENSION OF THE PRESENT RELIEF PROGRAM FOR REFUGEES IN JORDAN -- NOW UP FOR CONSIDERATION IN THE U.N. AND IN CONGRESS -- WOULD BE MOST UNFORTUNATE "WITHOUT SIGNIFICANT CORRECTION."

B73

(200)

WITH WASHINGTON (A87)

JERUSALEM, ISRAELI SECTOR, NOV. 21 (AP)-SEN. ALBERT GORE (D-TENN) AND SEN. GALE W. MCGEE (D-WYO) ARRIVED IN ISRAEL TODAY TO PURSUE THEIR STUDY OF MIDDLE EAST PROBLEMS.

THEY HAVE TALKED WITH OFFICIALS OF LEBANON, THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC AND JORDAN AND EXPECT TO SEE PREMIER DAVID BEN-GURION TOMORROW. THEY HAVE SHOWN PARTICULAR INTEREST IN FUTURE PROSPECTS FOR A MILLION ARABS WHO LOST THEIR HOMES IN ISRAELI TERRITORY DURING THE PALESTINE WAR OF 1948.

"I HAVE FOUND CERTAIN ATTITUDES OF REASONABLENESS ON THE PART OF ARAB LEADERS. . ." GORE TOLD JERUSALEM POST NEWSMEN. "I AM NOT WITHOUT HOPE THAT THE ARAB REFUGEE PROBLEM CAN BE SOLVED REASONABLY SOON."

HE DESCRIBED AS A CONSTRUCTIVE SUGGESTION BEN-GURION'S ANNOUNCEMENT THAT ISRAEL WILL WORK TOWARD SUBSTITUTING NONAGGRESSION PACTS FOR THE EXISTING ARMISTICE AGREEMENTS BETWEEN IT AND ARAB NATIONS.

THE SENATORS AND THEIR WIVES VISITED HOLY SITES AT NAZARETH, IN GALILEE. THEY DINED TONIGHT WITH U.S. AMBASSADOR OGDEN R. REID AT HIS HOME IN RAMAT GAN, NEAR TEL AVIV.

SEN. CLAIR ENGLE (D-CALIF), ALSO VISITING ISRAEL, DISCUSSED WITH FINANCE MINISTER LEVI ESHKOL THIS COUNTRY'S WATER DEVELOPMENT AND IRRIGATION PLANS, PARTICULARLY CHANNELING OF PART OF THE RIVER JORDAN'S WATERS TO THE NEGEV DESERT. ESHKOL SAID HE EXPECTED THE FIRST PHASE OF THIS PROJECT TO BE READY IN FIVE YEARS.

RS839PES



A9

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., NOV. 21 (AP)-THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY ASKED THE INTERNATIONAL LAW COMMISSION TODAY TO UNDERTAKE CODIFICATION OF "THE PRINCIPLES AND RULES OF INTERNATIONAL LAW RELATING TO THE RIGHT OF ASYLUM." IT ADOPTED AN EL SALVADOREAN RESOLUTION ON THE SUBJECT BY VOTE OF 56-0, WITH 11 ABSTENTIONS, INCLUDING THE NINE-NATION SOVIET BLOC.

THE RIGHT OF TERRITORIAL ASYLUM ALLOWS A REFUGEE FROM POLITICAL PERSECUTION TO BE SAFE IN A FOREIGN COUNTRY. THE RIGHT OF DIPLOMATIC ASYLUM ALLOWS HIM TO BE IMMUNE FROM ARREST IN HIS OWN COUNTRY IF HE FLEES TO A FOREIGN EMBASSY OR LEGATION.

RA1216PES

A148FX

SAN FRANCISCO, NOV 21 (AP)-DAG HAMMARSKJOLD, SECRETARY GENERAL OF UNITED NATIONS, ARRIVED TODAY FROM A 10-DAY STUDY IN LAOS. "MY TRIP WAS VERY MUCH WORTH WHILE," HE SAID AT SAN FRANCISCO INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT WHILE AWAITING A CONNECTING FLIGHT TO NEW YORK. "WE FILLED IN SOME GAPS IN OUR KNOWLEDGE."

HE ADDED THAT SOME GAPS STILL EXIST AND SAID: "I'M HAVING A CLOSE COLLABORATOR MAKE A FOUR-WEEK ECONOMIC STUDY THERE. THEY ARE VERY POOR, YOU KNOW." HAMMARSKJOLD FLEW TO SAN FRANCISCO FROM TOKYO OVER PAN AMERICAN'S NEWLY-ESTABLISHED GREAT CIRCLE ROUTE.

HAMMARSKJOLD HAD RESERVATIONS ON TWA FLIGHT 42, ARRIVING AT IDLEWILD AT 5 P.M. EST.

JW857APS NM

A104WX

(320) VOA-CONTEST  
WASHINGTON, NOV. 21 (AP)-THE WORLDWIDE YEN TO WIN SOMETHING FOR NOTHING HAS NETTED A FLOOD OF MORE THAN 50,000 LETTERS FOR A VOICE OF AMERICA RADIO CONTEST.

ABOUT 20 OF THE ENTRIES CAME FROM THE SOVIET UNION. OFFICIALS OF THE U.S. INFORMATION AGENCY ARE TRYING TO FIGURE OUT THIS WEEKEND HOW TO SELECT 15 WINNERS FROM THE THOUSANDS OF LETTERS SENT IN FROM ALL OVER THE WORLD BY PEOPLE WHO LISTEN TO THE VOICE OF AMERICA. ENTRIES STILL ARE ARRIVING.

ONE CONCLUSION THEY HAVE ALREADY REACHED: 15 PRIZES ARE NOT ENOUGH. THEY ARE TRYING TO DRUM UP SOME MORE.

IT ALL BEGAN WHEN SEVERAL RADIO MANUFACTURERS DONATED 15 TRANSISTOR RECEIVING SETS WHICH THE USIA PRESS OFFICE SAYS ARE WORTH ABOUT \$200 APIECE.

FROM NOV. 1 THROUGH NOV. 7 EACH ENGLISH LANGUAGE PROGRAM OF THE VOICE TOLD LISTENERS THAT IF THEY WOULD SEND IN THEIR NAMES, ADDRESSES, AGES, OCCUPATIONS AND THE TITLE OF THE PROGRAM TO WHICH THEY WERE LISTENING THEY WOULD BECOME ELIGIBLE FOR A POSSIBLE PRIZE. THE DEADLINE FOR LETTERS WAS NOV. 14.

TO DATE, THE USIA REPORTED TONIGHT, 300 LETTERS HAVE BEEN RECEIVED FROM YUGOSLAVIA, 250 FROM POLAND, 40 FROM HUNGARY AND 90 FROM CZECHOSLOVAKIA WHILE THOUSANDS HAVE COME IN FROM THE BRITISH ISLES, INDIA, THE PHILIPPINES AND OTHER AREAS NOT UNDER COMMUNIST RULE.

THE SERIOUS PURPOSE OF THE PRIZE OFFER, THE USIA SAID, WAS TO OBTAIN AN INDICATION OF THE EXTENT AND TYPE OF LISTENERSHIP. USIA AUTHORITIES BELIEVE THAT WHEN THE LETTERS HAVE BEEN ANALYZED THE AGENCY WILL HAVE A MUCH BETTER IDEA OF HOW TO TAILOR ITS PROGRAMS FOR VARIOUS SECTIONS OF THE WORLD.

SOME FACTS ARE ALREADY CLEAR. MOST OF THE RESPONSE CAME FROM MEN AND THE OCCUPATION MOST FREQUENTLY GIVEN WAS THAT OF STUDENT. ONE WIRELESS MESSAGE CAME FROM A MAN IN ANTARCTICA WHO EXPLAINED THAT HE WAS IN A HURRY TO GET HIS ENTRY TO WASHINGTON BECAUSE "THE NEXT BOAT WON'T BE HERE UNTIL 1960." IF HE WON HE DID NOT WANT USIA TO MISS THE BOAT WITH HIS PRIZE.

BU734PES

A12WX (BJTS)

(300) PMS BUDGET

(EDITORS: A MILITARY COURT OF APPEALS RULED YESTERDAY THAT A FORMER SOLDIER WHO HAD HIMSELF SHIPPED OVERSEAS AT THE ARMY'S EXPENSE COULD NOT BE PUNISHED BY THE ARMY BECAUSE HE WAS A CIVILIAN. THE STORY IS TOLD HERE IN BALLAD FORM)

THE BALLAD OF LEMUEL

BY GEOFFREY COULD

WASHINGTON, NOV. 21 (AP)-THIS IS THE BALLAD OF LEMUEL KING, A BRASH GI WHO KNEW EVERYTHING; KING IS ONE OF THE FEW THERE BE WHO SWINDLED THE ARMY AND WENT SCOT FREE. HE GOT AWAY WITH IT.

KING, A VETERAN OF WORLD WAR TWO, KNEW THE ARMY THROUGH AND THROUGH; BUT HE GOT INTO TROUBLE AT OLD FORT ORD AND THE ARMY BRASS SENT DOWN THE WORD: HE WON'T GET AWAY WITH IT.

HAD A FEW DRINKS AND WENT TOO FAR; THEY CHARGED HE WAS SOZZLED WHILE DRIVING A CAR; WHEN THE DUST HAD CLEARED THIS MUCH WAS PLAIN: KING WAS OUT OF THE ARMY AGAIN. UNDESIRABLE DISCHARGE.

WAS KING DISMAYED? THE DEVIL HE WAS! HE SAT RIGHT DOWN AND HIS BRAIN BEGAN TO BUZZ. A MASTER SERGEANT'S STRIPES HE GOT AND WAS BACK IN THE ARMY LIKE A SHOT. OF COURSE IT WASN'T LEGAL.

ONE OF HIS BUDDIES CUT SOME ORDERS, YOU SEE, AND KING WAS OFF TO GERMANY. HE TRAVELED IN STYLE, AS SERGEANTS WILL, AND THE POOR OLD ARMY FOOTED THE BILL. HE GOT AWAY WITH IT.

BEFORE TOO LONG HE WAS SITTING PRETTY, DUTY IN FRANKFURT, GERMANY'S GRAND OLD CITY; KING HADN'T HAD SUCH DEAL OF FUN SINCE HE WAS BORN IN '21. IN ST. LOUIS.

BUT FRAUD WILL OUT. IT ALWAYS WILL, AND LAST YEAR KING GOT A SUDDEN CHILL. THE ARMY WAS ON HIS TRACK, YOU SEE, AND THIS TIME THEY WOULD THROW AWAY THE KEY. HIS FEET WERE COLD.

HE GAVE HIMSELF UP AND THE ARMY GOT EVEN; THEY PLACED SIX CHARGES, OR MAYBE SEVEN. THE COURT LOOKED DOWN WITH SEVERITY; A YEAR AT HARD LABOR, IT DID DECREE, AND A DISHONORABLE DISCHARGE.

BUT THEN THE ANGELS SMILED ON KING. A COURT OF REVIEW TOOK UP THE THING; THE ARMY WAS COMPLETELY IN THE WRONG, KING WAS CIVILIAN ALL ALONG. THEY COULDN'T TOUCH HIM.

1959



AN ARMY JUDGE YESTERDAY DECREED:  
KING GYPED THE ARMY, HE DID INDEED;  
BUT SINCE HE WAS OUT, IT WAS JUST TOO BAD,  
THE GRAND OLD ARMY HAD BEEN HAD.  
NO JURISDICTION.

THERE'S STILL A CHANCE THAT ANOTHER DAY,  
CIVILIAN COURTS WILL HAVE THEIR SAY;  
BUT AT LEAST AS FAR AS THE ARMY GOES,  
KING IS AS FREE AS A BEE IN A ROSE.  
HE GOT AWAY WITH IT.

JK239AES

ADVANCE FOR AMS OF SUNDAY, NOV. 22--CAUTION, NOTE DATE  
BY TOM HORGAN *P 169*

(ADVANCE) BOSTON, NOV. 21 (AP)--MANY PHILIPPINE ISLAND OBJECTIVES  
IN THE LAST WAR COULD HAVE BEEN LEFT TO "WITHER ON THE VINE" BUT FOR  
THE DETERMINATION OF GEN. DOUGLAS MACARTHUR TO MAKE EARLY LIBERATION  
COMPLETE.

THIS IS THE OPINION OF REAR ADM. SAMUEL ELIOT MORISON, PULITZER  
PRIZE HISTORIAN. THE 13TH VOLUME OF HIS HISTORY OF U.S. NAVAL  
OPERATIONS IN WORLD WAR II, "THE LIBERATION OF THE PHILIPPINES, WILL  
BE PUBLISHED MONDAY BY ATLANTIC-LITTLE, BROWN.

"AFTER LUZON," SAID THE SEAFARING HISTORIAN, "MOST OF THE  
OPERATIONS WERE UNNECESSARY. END OF THE WAR WAS IN SIGHT.

"BUT MAC (CQ) WANTED TO LIBERATE ALL OF THE PHILIPPINES BECAUSE HE  
SAID HE WOULD TAKE EVERY DAMN ISLAND IN THE ARCHIPELAGO."

FORTUNATELY THE JAPANESE DID NOT OCCUPY ALL OF THE MORE THAN 7,000  
ISLANDS. THIS VOLUME IS SALTED WITH MANY EXCITING EXPLOITS WHICH WERE  
LITTLE NOTICED AT THE TIME BECAUSE PUBLIC INTEREST THEN WAS FOCUSED ON  
EUROPE.

ALSO MUCH WAS WITHHELD FOR SECURITY REASONS.

LOSS OF THREE DESTROYERS IN A TYPHOON, JUST BEFORE A MAJOR  
AMPHIBIOUS OPERATION, AND THE ALMOST UNBELIEVABLE RESCUE OF MANY OF  
THEIR CREWS IS VIVIDLY OLD.

MORISON SAID MACARTHUR HAD HIS HEART SET ON TAKING ~~MANILA~~ <sup>OSHA</sup>, ADDING  
THIS WAS SOUND JUDGMENT. BUT THE WAR ENDED BEFORE THE PLAN COULD  
BE PURSUED.

"THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF DID NOT SEE EYE TO EYE WITH GENERAL  
MACARTHUR," MORISON REPORTS.

"IT IS STILL SOMETHING OF A MYSTERY HOW AND WHENCE MACARTHUR  
DERIVED AUTHORITY TO USE UNITED STATES FORCES TO LIBERATE ONE  
PHILIPPINE ISLAND AFTER ANOTHER. HE HAD NO SPECIFIC DIRECTIVE FOR  
ANYTHING SUBSEQUENT TO LUZON. HE SEEMS TO HAVE FELT THAT, AS ALLIED  
THEATER COMMANDER, HE HAD A RIGHT TO EMPLOY THE FORCES AT  
HIS COMMAND AS HE THOUGHT BEST FOR THE COMMON CAUSE;  
CERTAINLY HE WENT AHEAD WITH HIS PLANS ...

"HE SENT HIS PLANS TO WASHINGTON AND IF NO OBJECTION WAS RAISED FROM  
THE PENTAGON, WENT AHEAD AND EXECUTED THEM."

SPEEDY LIBERATION OF ALLIED PRISONERS IN MANILA WAS A COMPELLING  
OBJECTIVE WITH MACARTHUR, MORISON RELATES. HE SAYS THE SEVERAL THOUS-  
AND MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN LIBERATED FELT CERTAIN THEY WOULD HAVE  
STARVED OR BEEN MASSACRED IF THE OTHER STRATEGY WERE ADOPTED.

"THAT THIS WAS NO FANCIFUL APPREHENSION MAY BE SEEN BY THE FATE  
OF THE AMERICAN PRISONERS I PALAWAN AND THE AUSTRALIAN PRISONERS IN  
NORTH BORNEO," SAYS MORISON, BEFORE RELATING THE RETRIBUTION  
WHICH OVERTOOK THE JAPANESE AFTER BORNEO WAS RETAKEN:

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"THE AUSTRALIAN PRISONERS DONE TO DEATH BY THE JAPANESE WERE GRIMLY  
REVENGED BY THE NATIVES OF BORNEO. THE JAPANESE TROOPS, 21,000 OF  
THEM IN NORTH BORNEO ALONE, WERE ORDERED AFTER THEIR SURRENDER TO  
STACK ARMS AND MARCH TO BEAUFORT, WHERE SHIPS WOULD  
EMBARK THEM FOR HOME. THIS ORDER OPENED A SERIES OF FIELD DAYS FOR  
THE FIERCE MURUT TRIBESMEN. THEY HARASSED THE UNARMED JAPANESE  
COLUMNS DAY AFTER DAY, AND ONLY A FEW HUNDRED EVER REACHED  
BEAUFORT."

END ADVANCE FOR AMS OF SUNDAY, NOV. 22 SENT NOV. 18.

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*End Nov. 21, 1959*